

**SPLIT TYPE
ROOM AIR CONDITIONER**

**Cassette type
INVERTER**

SERVICE INSTRUCTION



Models	Indoor unit	Outdoor unit
	AUXG09KVLA	AO*G09KATA
	AUXG12KVLA	AO*G12KATA
	AUXG14KVLA	AO*G14KATA
	AUXG18KVLA	AO*G18KATA
	AUXG22KVLA	AO*G22KATA
	RCG09KVLA	ROG09KATA
	RCG12KVLA	ROG12KATA
	RCG14KVLA	ROG14KATA
	RCG18KVLA	ROG18KATA
	RCG22KVLA	ROG22KATA

1. CONTROL AND FUNCTIONS

CONTENTS

1. CONTROL AND FUNCTIONS

1. Compressor frequency control.....	01-1
1-1. Cooling operation	01-1
1-2. Heating operation	01-3
1-3. Dry operation	01-5
1-4. Compressor frequency at normal start-up	01-6
1-5. Compressor frequency limitation by outdoor temperature	01-7
2. Auto changeover operation.....	01-9
3. Fan control.....	01-11
3-1. Indoor fan control.....	01-11
3-2. Outdoor fan control	01-14
4. Louver control	01-19
4-1. Individual louver control	01-19
4-2. All louver control	01-19
4-3. Swing operation.....	01-20
5. Timer operation control	01-21
5-1. Wireless remote control	01-21
5-2. Wired remote control	01-23
6. Defrost operation control	01-26
6-1. Defrost operation in heating operation stopped	01-27
7. Various control	01-28
7-1. Auto restart.....	01-28
7-2. 10 °C HEAT operation	01-28
7-3. ECONOMY operation	01-28
7-4. POWERFUL operation	01-29
7-5. Fresh air control.....	01-29
7-6. Compressor preheating	01-29
7-7. External electrical heater control	01-30
7-8. Electronic expansion valve control	01-30
7-9. Drain pump control	01-31
7-10. Prevention to restart for 3 minutes (3 minutes st)	01-32
7-11. 4-way valve control.....	01-32
8. Various protections.....	01-33
8-1. Discharge gas temperature over-rise prevention control	01-33
8-2. Anti-freezing control (cooling and dry mode)	01-33
8-3. Current release control	01-34
8-4. Indoor unit fan motor over temperature protection.....	01-35
8-5. Compressor temperature protection	01-36
8-6. High pressure protection	01-36
8-7. Low outdoor temperature protection	01-36
8-8. High temperature and high pressure release control	01-37

1. Compressor frequency control

1-1. Cooling operation

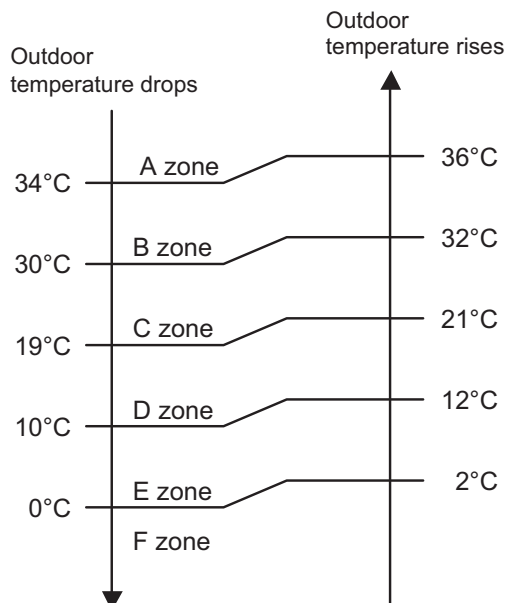
A sensor (room temperature thermistor) built in the indoor unit body will usually perceive difference or variation between a set temperature and present room temperature, and controls the operation frequency of the compressor.

- If the room temperature is 6.0 °C higher than a set temperature, the compressor operation frequency will attain to maximum performance.
- If the room temperature is 1.0 °C lower than a set temperature, the compressor will be stopped.
- When the room temperature is within the range of +6.0°C to -1.0°C of the setting temperature, the compressor frequency is controlled within the range shown in the table below. However, the maximum frequency is limited in the range shown in the figure below based on the indoor fan mode and the outdoor temperature.

- **Compressor frequency range**

Model name	Minimum frequency	Maximum frequency
AUXG09KVLA	14 rps	87 rps
AUXG12KVLA	14 rps	110 rps
AUXG14KVLA	12 rps	110 rps
AUXG18KVLA	12 rps	110 rps
AUXG22KVLA	8 rps	118 rps

- Limit of maximum speed based on outdoor temperature



Unit: rps

Model name	Outdoor temperature zone	Indoor unit fan mode			
		HIGH	MED	LOW	QUIET
AUXG09KVLA	A zone	87	62	50	41
	B zone	87	62	50	41
	C zone	87	62	50	41
	D zone	62	45	37	28
	E zone	62	45	37	28
	F zone	62	45	37	28
AUXG12KVLA	A zone	110	78	66	54
	B zone	110	78	66	54
	C zone	110	78	66	54
	D zone	78	60	47	35
	E zone	78	60	47	35
	F zone	78	60	47	35
AUXG14KVLA	A zone	110	85	73	43
	B zone	110	85	73	43
	C zone	103	73	59	43
	D zone	73	59	48	31
	E zone	73	59	48	31
	F zone	73	59	48	31
AUXG18KVLA	A zone	110	78	68	39
	B zone	110	78	68	39
	C zone	93	68	55	39
	D zone	68	55	44	28
	E zone	68	55	44	28
	F zone	68	55	44	28
AUXG22KVLA	A zone	118	69	57	36
	B zone	118	69	57	36
	C zone	84	57	47	36
	D zone	60	47	40	26
	E zone	60	47	40	26
	F zone	60	47	40	26

1-2. Heating operation

A sensor (room temperature thermistor) built in indoor unit body will usually perceive difference or variation between setting temperature and present room temperature, and controls operation frequency of compressor.

- If the room temperature is 6.0 °C lower than a set temperature, the compressor operation frequency will attain to maximum performance.
- If the room temperature is 1.0 °C higher than a set temperature, the compressor will be stopped.
- When the room temperature is within the range of +1.0°C to -6.0°C of the setting temperature, the compressor frequency is controlled within the range shown below.

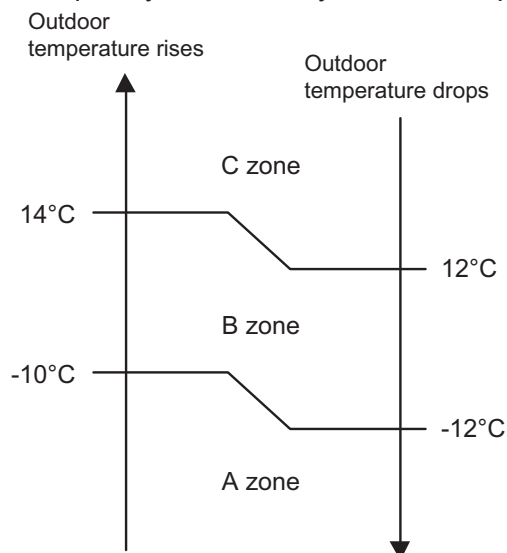
- **Compressor frequency range**

Unit: rps

Model name	Minimum frequency	Maximum frequency
AUXG09KVLA	14	110
AUXG12KVLA	14	110
AUXG14KVLA	12	110
AUXG18KVLA	12	110
AUXG22KVLA	8	120

- **Limit of maximum speed based on outdoor temperature**

In heating operation, maximum frequency is defined by outdoor temperature and fan mode.



Unit: rps

Model name	Outdoor temperature zone	Indoor unit fan mode			
		HIGH	MED	LOW	QUIET
AUXG09KVLA	A zone	110	102	95	89
	B zone	110	102	95	89
	C zone	110	102	95	89
AUXG12KVLA	A zone	110	110	110	98
	B zone	110	110	110	98
	C zone	110	110	110	98
AUXG14KVLA	A zone	110	110	97	81
	B zone	110	110	97	81
	C zone	110	110	97	81
AUXG18KVLA	A zone	110	110	87	74
	B zone	110	110	87	74
	C zone	110	110	87	74
AUXG22KVLA	A zone	120	102	78	64
	B zone	120	102	78	64
	C zone	120	102	57	43

1-3. Dry operation

The compressor rotation frequency shall change according to the temperature, set temperature, and room temperature variation which the room temperature sensor of the indoor unit has detected as shown in the table below.

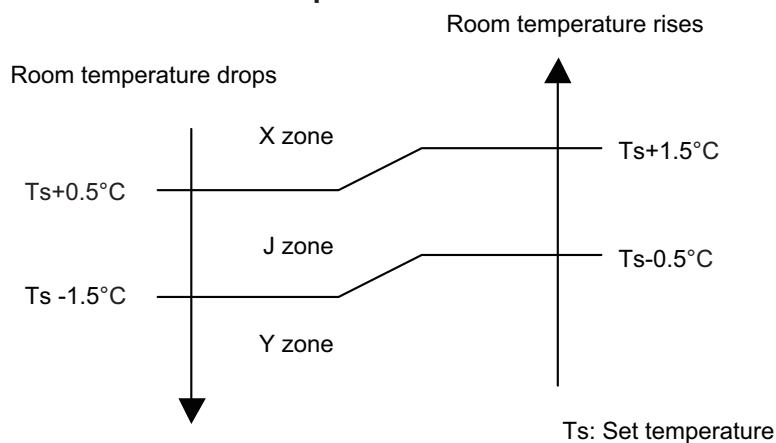
Zone is defined by set temperature and room temperature.

- Compressor frequency range

Unit: rps

Model name	Outdoor temperature zone	Operating frequency
AUXG09KVLA	X zone	41
	J zone	41
	Y zone	0
AUXG12KVLA	X zone	54
	J zone	54
	Y zone	0
AUXG14KVLA	X zone	43
	J zone	43
	Y zone	0
AUXG18KVLA	X zone	39
	J zone	39
	Y zone	0
AUXG22KVLA	X zone	36
	J zone	36
	Y zone	0

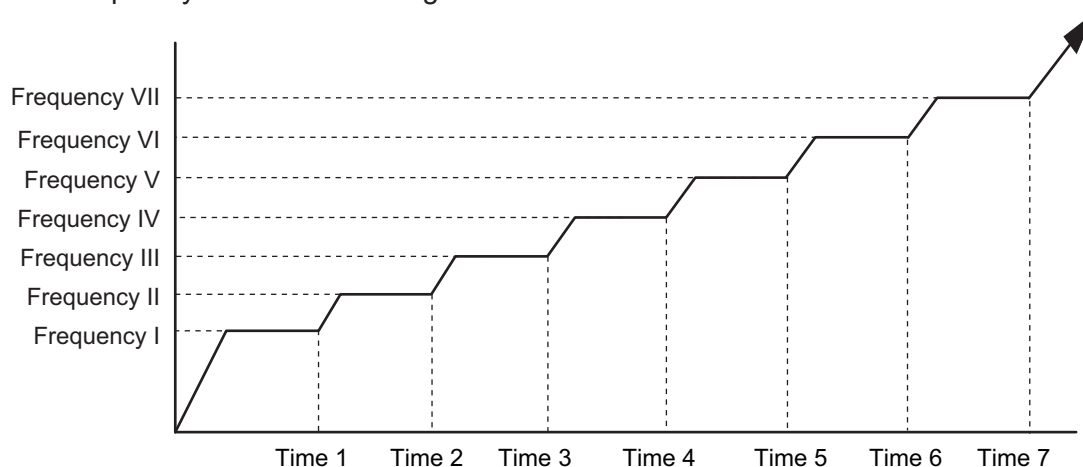
- Compressor control based on room temperature



1-4. Compressor frequency at normal start-up

■ Models: AOHG09KATA, AOHG12KATA, AOHG14KATA, and AOHG18KATA

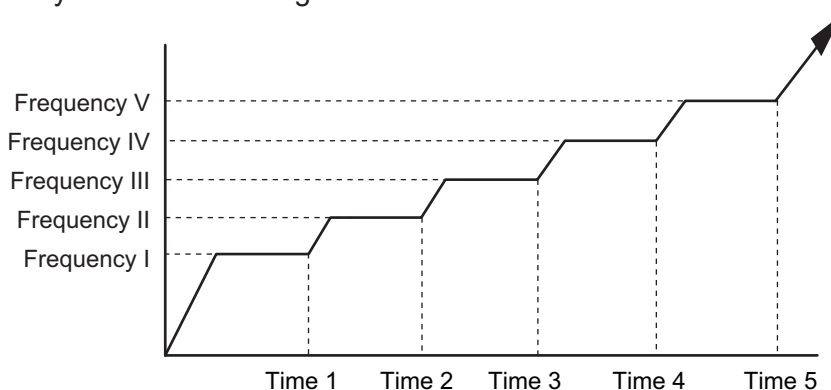
Compressor frequency soon after starting is controlled as below.



Frequency (rps)	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII
	45	56	68	77	84	93	103
Time (sec)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	60	140	170	220	280	360	430

■ Model: AOHG22KATA

Compressor frequency soon after starting is controlled as below.

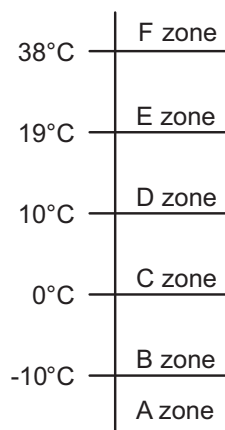


Frequency (rps)	I	II	III	IV	V
	40	56	77	90	99
Time (sec)	1	2	3	4	5
	60	240	280	360	400

1-5. Compressor frequency limitation by outdoor temperature

The minimum compressor frequency is limited by outdoor temperature as below.

- **Cooling/Dry mode**



Model name	Outdoor temperature zone	Limitation of compressor frequency
AOHG09KATA	A zone	50 rps
	B zone	50 rps
	C zone	40 rps
	D zone	40 rps
	E zone	16 rps
	F zone	21 rps
AOHG12KATA	A zone	42 rps
	B zone	42 rps
	C zone	33 rps
	D zone	28 rps
	E zone	16 rps
	F zone	21 rps
AOHG14KATA	A zone	40 rps
	B zone	40 rps
	C zone	28 rps
	D zone	1 rps
	E zone	1 rps
	F zone	20 rps
AOHG18KATA	A zone	36 rps
	B zone	36 rps
	C zone	28 rps
	D zone	1 rps
	E zone	1 rps
	F zone	20 rps
AOHG22KATA	A zone	30 rps
	B zone	30 rps
	C zone	22 rps
	D zone	16 rps
	E zone	13 rps
	F zone	25 rps

- Heating mode

19°C	F zone
5°C	E zone
0°C	D zone
-15°C	C zone
-25°C	B zone
	A zone

Model name	Outdoor temperature zone	Limitation of compressor frequency
AOHG09KATA	A zone	43 rps
	B zone	43 rps
	C zone	30 rps
	D zone	18 rps
	E zone	16 rps
	F zone	16 rps
AOHG12KATA	A zone	43 rps
	B zone	43 rps
	C zone	30 rps
	D zone	18 rps
	E zone	16 rps
	F zone	16 rps
AOHG14KATA	A zone	37 rps
	B zone	37 rps
	C zone	36 rps
	D zone	15 rps
	E zone	1 rps
	F zone	1 rps
AOHG18KATA	A zone	37 rps
	B zone	37 rps
	C zone	36 rps
	D zone	15 rps
	E zone	1 rps
	F zone	1 rps
AOHG22KATA	A zone	25 rps
	B zone	25 rps
	C zone	17 rps
	D zone	13 rps
	E zone	13 rps
	F zone	13 rps

2. Auto changeover operation

When the air conditioner is set to AUTO mode by remote controller, operation starts in the optimum mode from among heating, cooling, dry and monitoring modes. During operation, the optimum mode is automatically switched in accordance with temperature changes. The temperature can be set between 18°C and 30°C in 1.0°C steps.

- When operation starts, indoor fan and outdoor fan are operated for around 1 minute. Room temperature and outdoor temperature are sensed, and the operation mode is selected in accordance with the table below.

Room temperature	Operation mode
$Tr > Ts + 2^{\circ}\text{C}$	Cooling
$Ts + 2^{\circ}\text{C} \geq Tr \geq Ts - 2^{\circ}\text{C}$	Middle zone
$Tr < Ts - 2^{\circ}\text{C}$	Heating

Tr: Room temperature

Ts: Setting temperature

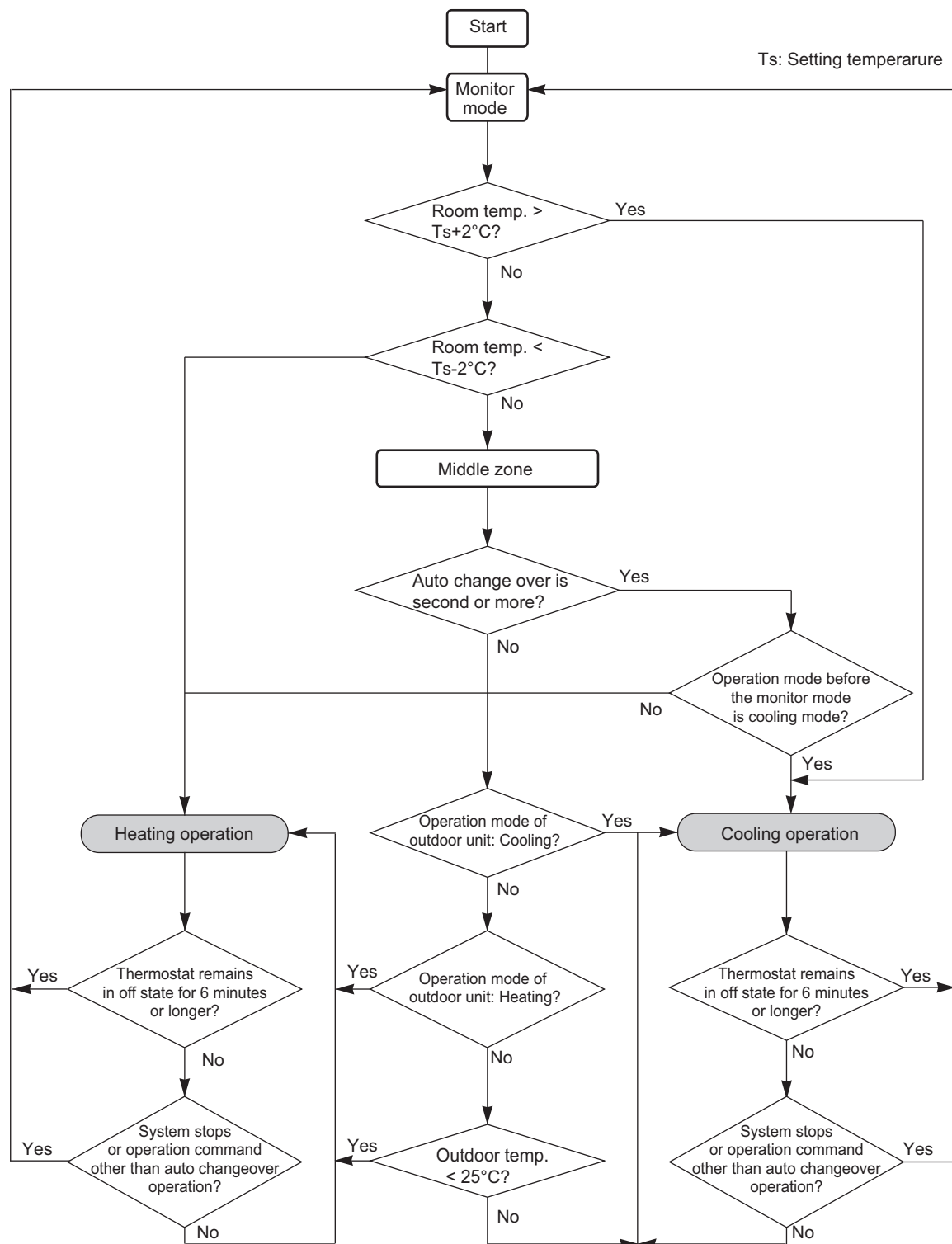
NOTE: When the operation mode is middle zone, indoor unit operation mode is selected as below.

- Same operation mode is selected as outdoor unit.
If outdoor unit is operating in cooling and heating mode, indoor unit will be operated by the same operation mode.
- Selected by outdoor temperature.
If outdoor unit is operating in other than cooling and heating mode, indoor unit will be operated according to the outdoor temperature as below.

Outdoor temp.	Operation mode
25°C or more	Cooling
Less than 25°C	Heating

- When the compressor was stopped for 6 consecutive minutes by temperature control function after the cooling or heating mode was selected as above, operation is switched to monitoring mode and the operation mode selection is done again.
- When the middle zone is selected on the predetermining of the operation mode, the operation mode before the changing to the monitoring mode is selected.

Operation flow chart



3. Fan control

Tr: Room temperature

Ts: Setting temperature

3-1. Indoor fan control

■ Fan speed

Indoor fan speed is defined as below.

Operation mode	Fan mode	Speed (rpm)			
Heating	HIGH	590	650	830	880
	MED+	570	620	770	850
	MED	540	580	730	800
	LOW	490	520	630	740
	QUIET	440	460	500	580
	Cool air prevention	400	400	400	400
	S-LOW	300	300	300	300
Cooling/Fan	HIGH	590	650	730	860
	MED	540	580	630	770
	LOW	490	520	540	650
	QUIET	440	460	460	500
	Soft quiet	400* ¹	400* ¹	400* ¹	400* ¹
	S-LOW	300* ²	300* ²	300* ²	300* ²
Dry		X zone: 440 J zone: 440	X zone: 460 J zone: 460	X zone: 460 J zone: 460	X zone: 500 J zone: 500

*1: Fan mode only

*2: Cooling mode only

■ Fan operation

Airflow can be switched in 5 steps such as AUTO, QUIET, LOW, MED, HIGH while indoor unit fan only runs.

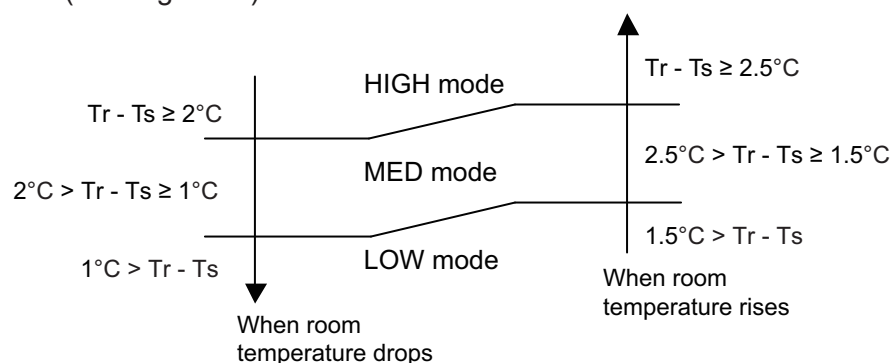
When fan mode is set at AUTO, it operates on MED fan speed.

■ Cooling operation

Switch the airflow AUTO, and indoor fan motor will run according to room temperature, as below.

On the other hand, if switched in HIGH—QUIET, indoor motor will run at a constant airflow of COOL operation modes QUIET, LOW, MED, HIGH as shown in “Fan speed” above.

Airflow change over (Cooling: Auto)



■ Dry operation

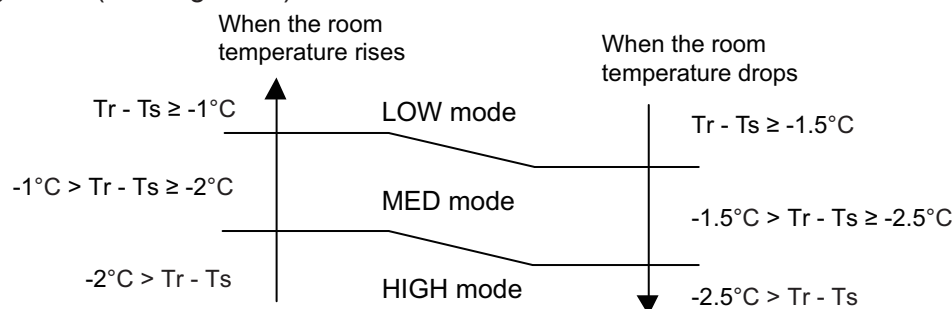
During dry operation, fan speed setting can not be changed as shown in “Fan speed” above.

■ Heating operation

Switch the airflow AUTO, and the indoor fan motor will run according to a room temperature, as below.

On the other hand, if switched in HIGH—QUIET, the indoor motor will run at a constant airflow of HEAT operation modes QUIET, LOW, MED, HIGH as shown in “Fan speed” above.

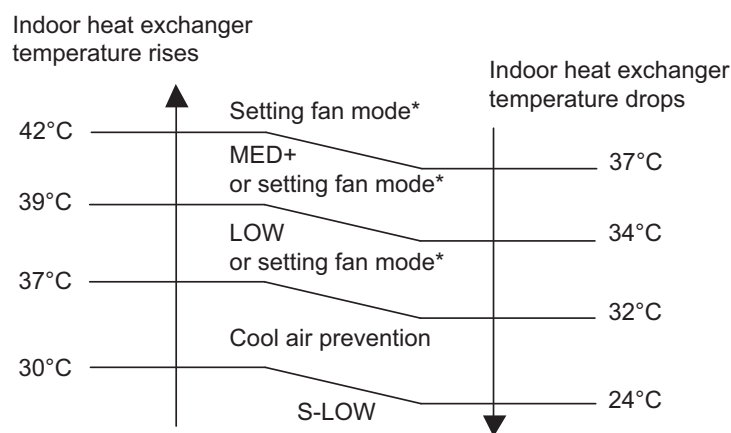
Airflow change over (Heating: Auto)



■ Cool air prevention control (heating mode)

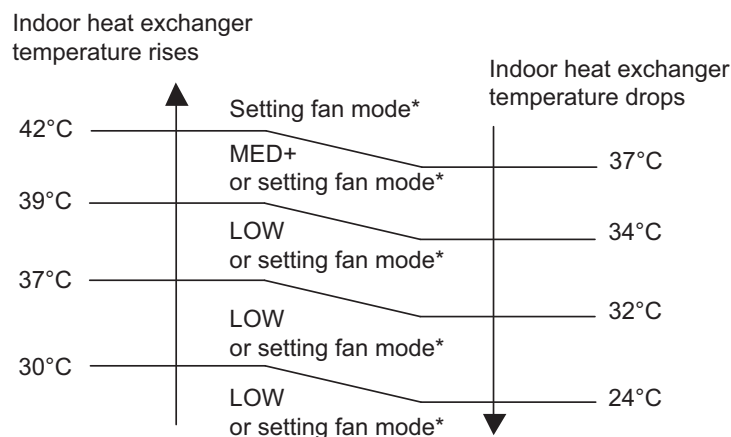
The maximum value of the indoor fan speed is set as shown below, based on the detected temperature by the indoor heat exchanger sensor on heating mode.

• Normal operation



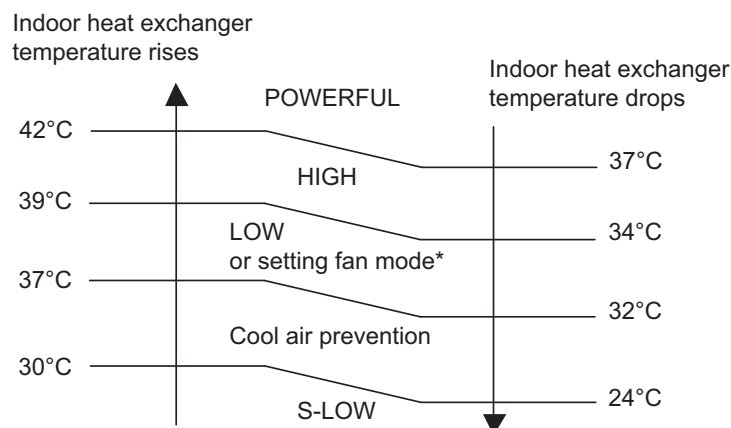
*: Lower speed is selected.

13 minutes later:

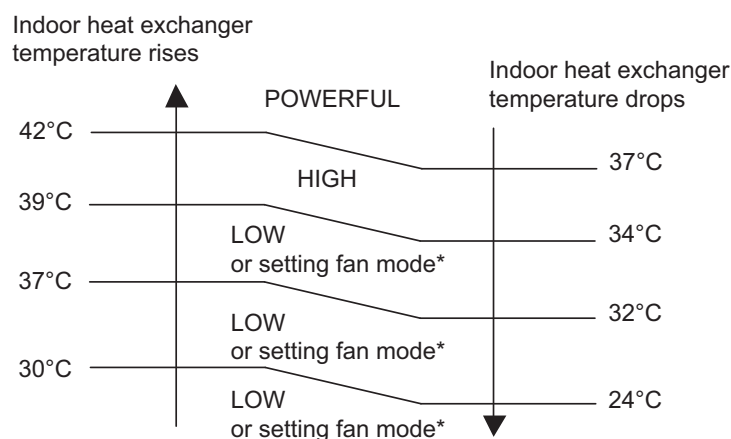


*: Lower speed is selected.

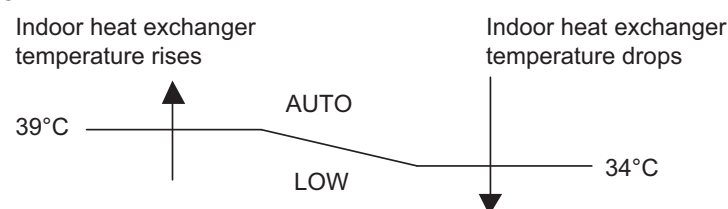
- **Powerful operation**



13 minutes later:

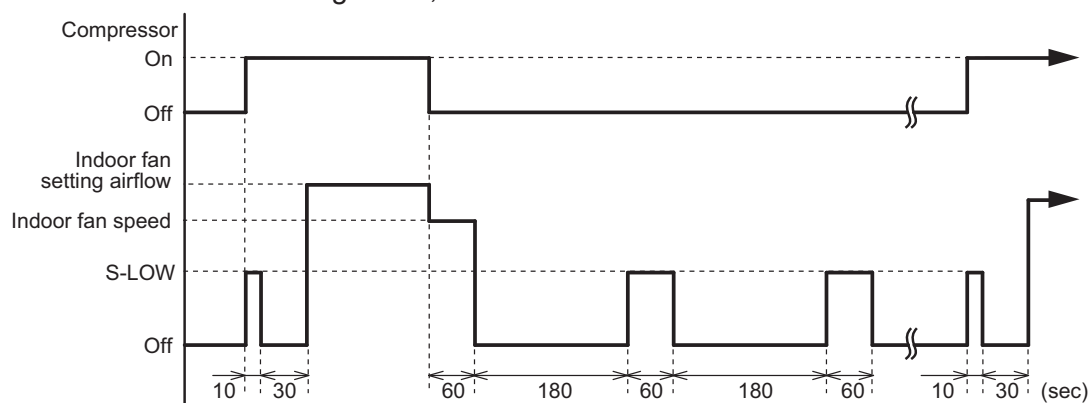


- **10 °C HEAT operation**



■ Moisture return prevention control (cooling and dry mode)

Switch the airflow AUTO at cooling mode, and the indoor fan motor will run as shown below.



3-2. Outdoor fan control

■ Outdoor fan motor

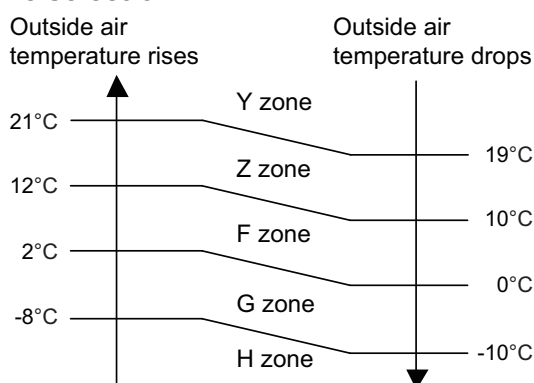
This outdoor unit has a DC fan motor. (Control method is different between AC and DC motors.)

■ Fan speed

● Model: AOHG09KATA

Fan speed is defined by outdoor temperature and compressor frequency.

• Outside air temperature zone selection



Unit: rpm

Fan step	Cooling	Heating	Dry	Cooling or dry at low outdoor temp.			
	Y zone		Y zone	Z zone	F zone	G zone	H zone
S-HIGH2	—	930	—	—	—	—	—
S-HIGH1	950	930	—	—	—	—	—
HIGH	950	930	—	—	—	—	—
10	—	930	—	—	—	—	—
9	950	930	950	540	270	250	250
8	950	930	950	540	270	250	250
7	950	930	950	540	270	250	250
6	950	770	950	540	240	220	220
5	800	690	800	240	190	170	170
4	800	550	800	200	170	170	170
3	680	510	680	200	170	170	170
2	610	480	610	200	170	170	170
1	580	480	580	200	170	170	170

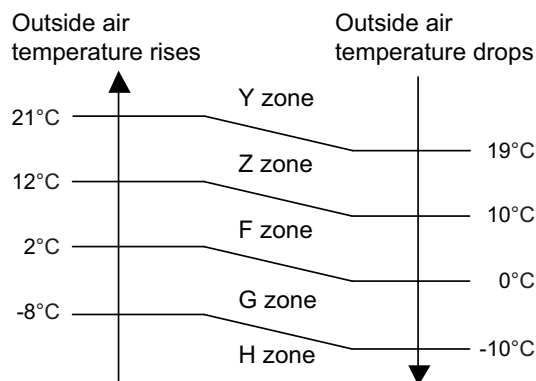
NOTE: After defrost control on the heating mode, the fan speed is kept higher regardless of the compressor frequency.

Fan speed after defrost control: 930 rpm

● Model: AOHG12KATA

Fan speed is defined by outdoor temperature and compressor frequency.

• Outside air temperature zone selection



Unit: rpm

Fan step	Cooling	Heating	Dry	Cooling or dry at low outdoor temp.			
	Y zone		Y zone	Z zone	F zone	G zone	H zone
S-HIGH2	—	1,020	—	—	—	—	—
S-HIGH1	950	1,020	—	—	—	—	—
HIGH	950	1,020	—	—	—	—	—
10	—	1,020	—	—	—	—	—
9	950	1,020	950	470	350	330	330
8	950	1,020	950	470	350	330	330
7	950	790	950	470	350	330	330
6	900	790	900	470	350	270	270
5	900	730	900	320	270	220	220
4	800	630	800	250	220	200	200
3	680	530	680	250	220	200	200
2	580	470	580	250	220	200	200
1	540	470	540	250	220	200	200

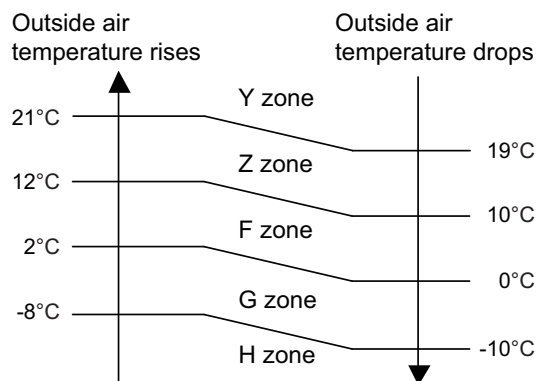
NOTE: After defrost control on the heating mode, the fan speed is kept higher regardless of the compressor frequency.

Fan speed after defrost control: 1,020 rpm

● Model: AOHG14KATA

Fan speed is defined by outdoor temperature and compressor frequency.

• Outside air temperature zone selection



Unit: rpm

Fan step	Cooling	Heating	Dry	Cooling or dry at low outdoor temp.			
	Y zone		Y zone	Z zone	F zone	G zone	H zone
S-HIGH2	—	1,120	—	—	—	—	—
S-HIGH1	990	1,120	—	—	—	—	—
HIGH	990	1,120	—	—	—	—	—
10	—	1,120	—	—	—	—	—
9	990	1,120	990	630	300	280	280
8	990	1,120	990	630	300	280	280
7	870	830	870	630	300	280	280
6	830	750	830	450	280	220	220
5	780	710	780	450	240	190	190
4	780	710	780	450	240	190	190
3	670	660	670	310	220	190	190
2	570	500	570	200	220	190	190
1	520	500	520	200	200	190	190

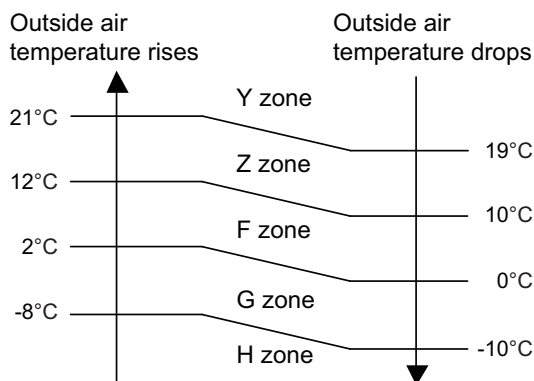
NOTE: After defrost control on the heating mode, the fan speed is kept higher regardless of the compressor frequency.

Fan speed after defrost control: 1,120 rpm

● Model: AOHG18KATA

Fan speed is defined by outdoor temperature and compressor frequency.

• Outside air temperature zone selection



Unit: rpm

Fan step	Cooling	Heating	Dry	Cooling or dry at low outdoor temp.			
	Y zone		Y zone	Z zone	F zone	G zone	H zone
S-HIGH2	—	1,120	—	—	—	—	—
S-HIGH1	990	1,120	—	—	—	—	—
HIGH	990	1,120	—	—	—	—	—
10	—	1,120	—	—	—	—	—
9	990	1,120	990	630	360	300	300
8	990	950	990	630	360	300	300
7	890	830	890	630	360	300	300
6	830	750	830	400	300	280	280
5	780	710	780	400	270	230	230
4	780	660	780	400	240	200	200
3	670	500	670	310	220	200	200
2	570	500	570	200	220	200	200
1	520	500	520	200	200	200	200

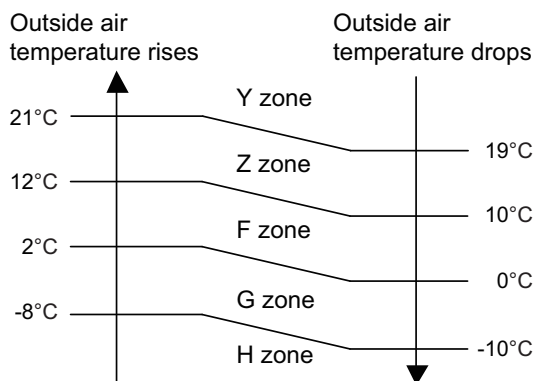
NOTE: After defrost control on the heating mode, the fan speed is kept higher regardless of the compressor frequency.

Fan speed after defrost control: 1,120 rpm

● Model: AOHG22KATA

Fan speed is defined by outdoor temperature and compressor frequency.

• Outside air temperature zone selection



Unit: rpm

Fan step	Cooling	Heating	Dry	Cooling or dry at low outdoor temp.			
	Y zone		Y zone	Z zone	F zone	G zone	H zone
S-HIGH2	—	1,100	—	—	—	—	—
S-HIGH1	1,050	1,100	—	—	—	—	—
HIGH	1,050	1,100	—	—	—	—	—
10	—	1,100	—	—	—	—	—
9	1,050	1,100	1,050	850	340	270	270
8	1,050	900	1,050	850	340	270	270
7	900	710	900	770	340	270	270
6	900	570	900	630	270	230	230
5	770	510	770	440	270	230	230
4	630	470	630	320	270	230	230
3	510	420	510	320	270	230	230
2	400	420	400	320	270	230	230
1	400	420	400	320	270	230	230

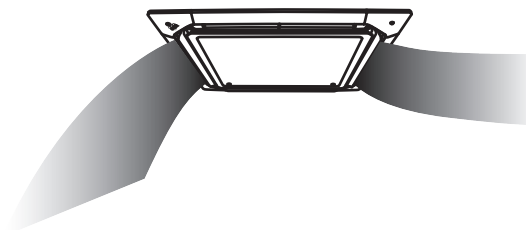
NOTE: After defrost control on the heating mode, the fan speed is kept higher regardless of the compressor frequency.

Fan speed after defrost control: 1,100 rpm

4. Louver control

4-1. Individual louver control

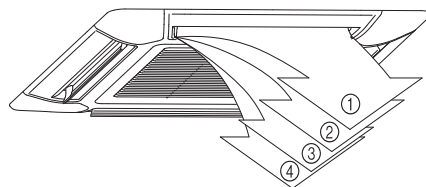
To independently can be set the airflow pattern of each louver as follows:



This function is given priority to overall louver control. But this function is release during the following operation.

- Cold air prevention control
- Monitor mode on the auto change over operation
- Defrost operation

The air direction range will change as follows:



Use the wired remote controller to set this function. This function is only available by 2 wire remote controller.

NOTE: When the 2 wire remote controller is disconnected, clear the individual setting. Otherwise, this setting can't change.

4-2. All louver control

- **All louver operation**

When the mode is selected, the standard louver position of the each mode is set.

Operation mode	Standard Position
Cooling	1
Dry	1
Heating	4
Monitor	1

NOTES:

- Setting of the wireless remote controller is not displayed on the wired remote controller.
- The setting louver of the individual control function cannot be controlled.

4-3. Swing operation

- To select vertical airflow swing operation
When the swing signal is received, the vertical airflow direction louver starts to swing.
 - Swinging range
 - Cooling mode/dry mode/fan mode: 1 ↔ 4
 - Heating mode: 1 ↔ 4
 - When the indoor fan is S-LOW or stop mode, the swing operation is interrupted and it stops at either upper end or bottom end.

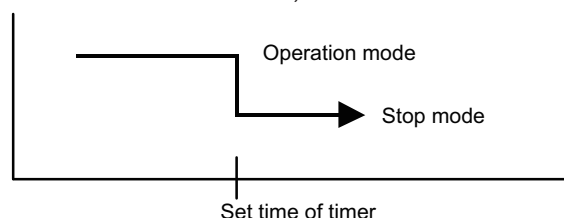
5. Timer operation control

5-1. Wireless remote control

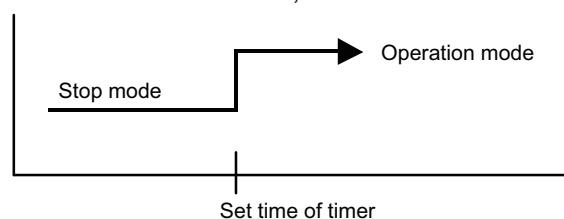
On/Off timer	Program timer	Sleep timer	Weekly timer
○	○	○	—

■ On/Off timer

- Off timer: When the clock reaches the set timer, the air conditioner will be turned off.

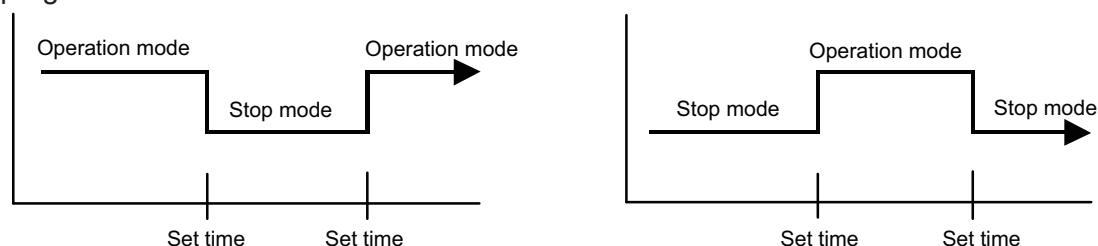


- On timer: When the clock reaches the set timer, the air conditioner will be turned on.



■ Program timer

- The program timer allows the off timer and the on timer to be used in combination one time.



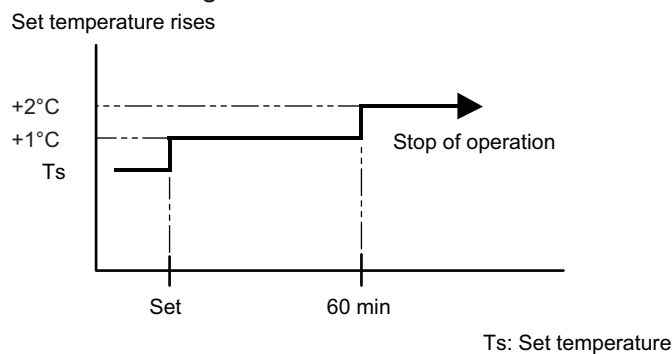
- Operation will start from the timer setting (either off timer and on timer) whichever is closest to the clock current timer setting. The order of operations is indicated by the allow in the remote controller screen.
- Sleep timer operation cannot be combined with on timer operation.

■ Sleep timer

If the sleep timer is set, the room temperature is monitored and the operation is stopped automatically. If the operation mode or the set temperature is change after the sleep timer is set, the operation is continued according to the changed setting of the sleep timer from that time on.

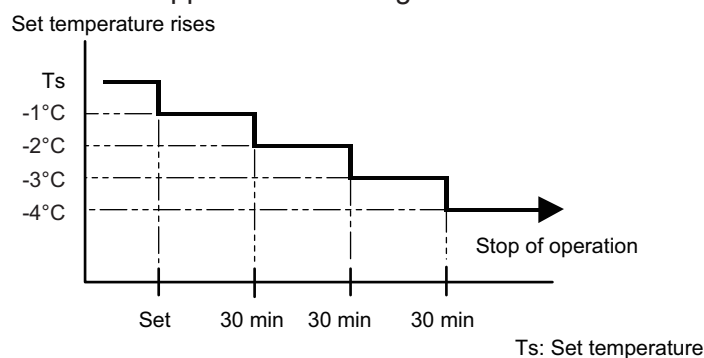
- In the cooling operation mode

When the sleep timer is set, the setting temperature is increased 1°C. It increases the setting temperature another 1°C after 1 hour. After that, the setting temperature is not changed and the operation is stopped at the setting time.



- In the heating operation mode

When the sleep timer is set, the setting temperature is decreased 1°C. It decreases the setting temperature another 1°C every 30 minutes. Upon lowering 4°C, the setting temperature is not changed and the operation is stopped at the setting time.

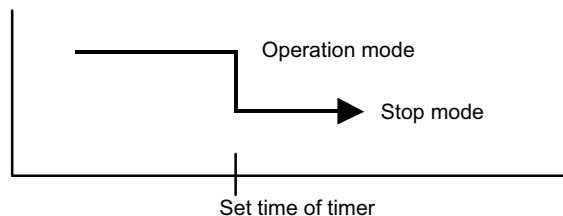


5-2. Wired remote control

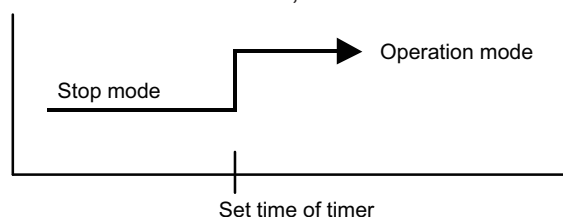
On/Off timer	Program timer	Sleep timer	Weekly timer	Temperature set back timer
○	○	○	○	○

■ On/Off timer

- Off timer: When the clock reaches the set timer, the air conditioner will be turned off.

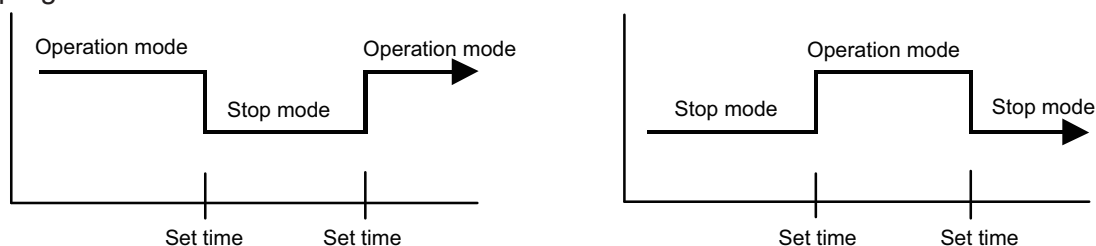


- On timer: When the clock reaches the set timer, the air conditioner will be turned on.



■ Program timer

- The program timer allows the off timer and the on timer to be used in combination one time.



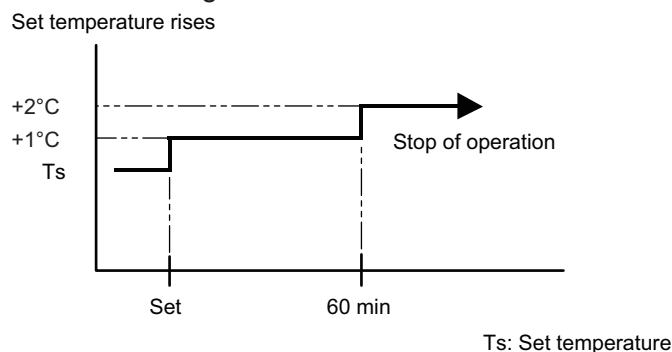
- Operation will start from the timer setting (either off timer and on timer) whichever is closest to the clock current timer setting. The order of operations is indicated by the allow in the remote controller screen.
- Sleep timer operation cannot be combined with on timer operation.

■ Sleep timer

If the sleep timer is set, the room temperature is monitored and the operation is stopped automatically. If the operation mode or the set temperature is change after the sleep timer is set, the operation is continued according to the changed setting of the sleep timer from that time on.

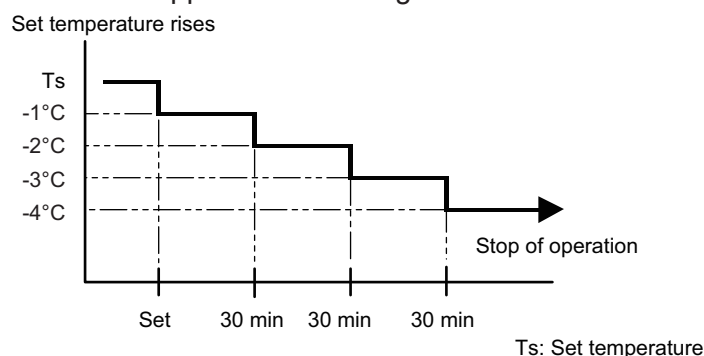
- In the cooling operation mode

When the sleep timer is set, the setting temperature is increased 1°C. It increases the setting temperature another 1°C after 1 hour. After that, the setting temperature is not changed and the operation is stopped at the setting time.



- In the heating operation mode

When the sleep timer is set, the setting temperature is decreased 1°C. It decreases the setting temperature another 1°C every 30 minutes. Upon lowering 4°C, the setting temperature is not changed and the operation is stopped at the setting time.



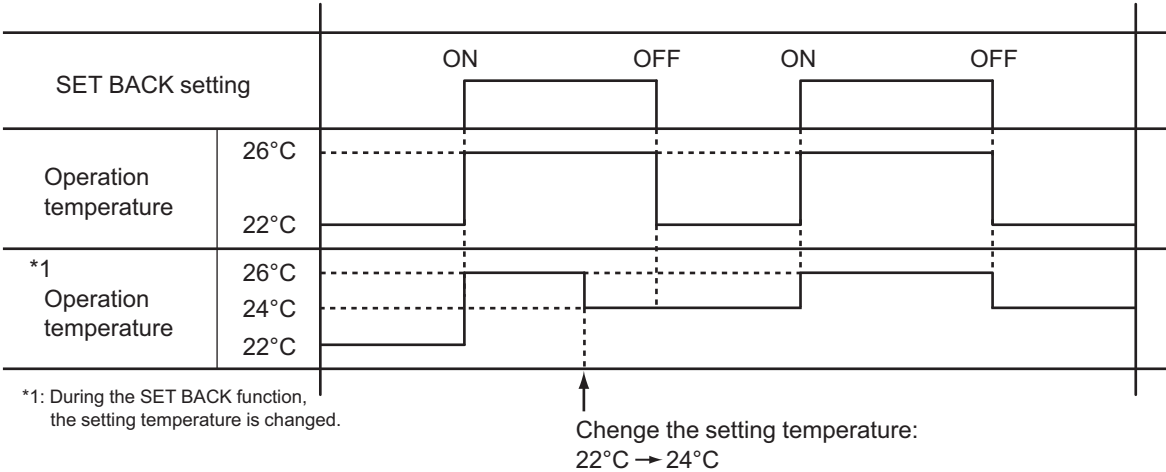
■ Weekly timer

On and off timer can be combined, and up to 4 reservations per day and 28 reservations per week. Before setting the program, set the week and time of the air conditioner at first. If the week and time are not set, the weekly timer will not operate correctly at the setting time.

■ Temperature set back timer

- The SET BACK timer only changes the set temperature for 7 days, it cannot be used to start or stop air conditioner operation.
- The SET BACK timer can be set to operate up to two times per day but only one temperature setting can be used.
- During COOLING/DRY mode, the air conditioner will operate at a minimum of 18°C even if the SET BACK temperature is set to 17°C or lower.

Case of SET BACK timer on the Cooling operation. (Setting temperature :22°C, SET BACK temperature :26°C)



6. Defrost operation control

Tn: Outdoor unit heat exchanger temperature

Ta: Outdoor temperature

Tn10: Temperature at 10 minutes after compressor start

Tnb: Temperature before 5 minutes

• Triggering condition

The defrost operation starts when outdoor unit heat exchanger temperature sensor detects the temperature lower than the values shown below.

– 1st time defrosting after starting operation

Compressor integrating operation time	Less than 17 min.	17 to 57 min.	More than 57 min.
Condition	Does not operate	$T_n \leq -9^{\circ}\text{C}$ and $T_n - T_a \geq 5$ deg	$T_n \leq -5^{\circ}\text{C}$

– 2nd time and after

Compressor integrating operation time	Less than 40 min.	More than 40 min.
Condition	Does not operate	$T_n - T_{n10} < -5$ deg ($T_n \leq -6^{\circ}\text{C}$) $T_n - T_{nb} < -2$ deg ($T_n \leq -6^{\circ}\text{C}$) $T_n \leq -20^{\circ}\text{C}$ ($T_a \geq -10^{\circ}\text{C}$) $T_n \leq -7^{\circ}\text{C}$ or $T_n \leq -25^{\circ}\text{C}$ ($T_a < -10^{\circ}\text{C}$)

– Integrating defrost (Constant monitoring)

Compressor integrating operation time	More than 240 min. (For long continuous operation)	More than 213 min. (For long continuous operation)	Less than 10 min.* (For intermittent operation)
Condition	$T_n \leq -3^{\circ}\text{C}$	$T_n \leq -5^{\circ}\text{C}$	Count of the compressor off: 40 times

*: If the compressor continuous operation time is less than 10 minutes, the number of the compressor off is counted. If any defrost operated, the compressor off count is cleared.

• Release condition

The defrost operation is released when either one of the conditions below is satisfied.

Outdoor unit heat exchanger temperature (after 1 minute or later since compressor start)	13°C or more
Compressor operation time	15 minutes

6-1. Defrost operation in heating operation stopped

If the outdoor unit is frosted when stopping the heating operation, it stops after performing the automatic defrosting operation.

In this time, if the indoor unit operation lamp flashes slowly (6 sec on/2 sec off), the outdoor unit allow the heat exchanger to defrost, and then stop.

• Triggering condition

When all of the following conditions are satisfied in heating operation

- Compressor operation integrating time: 30 minutes or more
- Compressor continuous operation time: 10 minutes or more
- Outdoor unit heat exchanger temperature: -4°C or less

• Release condition

The defrost operation is released when either one of the conditions below is satisfied.

Outdoor unit heat exchanger temperature (after 1 minute or later since compressor start)	13°C or more
Compressor operation time	15 minutes

7. Various control

7-1. Auto restart

When the power was interrupted by a power failure etc. during operation, the operation contents at that time are memorized and when the power is recovered, operation is automatically started with the memorized operation contents.

Operation contents memorized when the power is interrupted	
Operation mode	
Setting temperature	
Fan mode setting	
Timer mode and set time (set by wireless remote controller)	
Airflow direction setting	
Swing	
ECONOMY operation	
10 °C HEAT operation	
Outdoor low noise operation	

7-2. 10 °C HEAT operation

10 °C HEAT operation performs as below setting when pressing 10 °C HEAT button.

Operation mode	Heating
Setting temperature	10°C
Fan mode	AUTO
LED display	Economy
Defrost operation	Operate as normal

7-3. ECONOMY operation

The ECONOMY operation starts by pressing ECONOMY button on the remote controller.
The ECONOMY operation is almost the same operation as below settings.

Mode	Cooling/Dry	Heating
Target temperature	Setting temperature +1°C	Setting temperature -1°C

7-4. POWERFUL operation

The POWERFUL operation starts by pressing POWERFUL button on the remote controller. The indoor unit and outdoor unit operate at maximum power as shown in the table below.

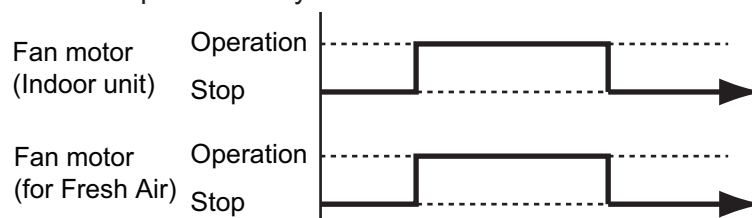
Compressor frequency		Maximum
Fan mode		POWERFUL
Vertical airflow direction louver setting	Cooling	3
	Dry	
	Heating	5

Release condition:

- Cooling/Dry
Room temperature \leq Setting temperature -0.5°C or Operation time has passed 20 minutes.
- Heating
Room temperature \geq Setting temperature $+0.5^{\circ}\text{C}$ or Operation time has passed 20 minutes.

7-5. Fresh air control

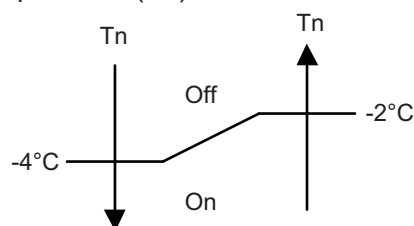
The fan motor for Fresh Air is operated in synchronization with the indoor fan operation as below.



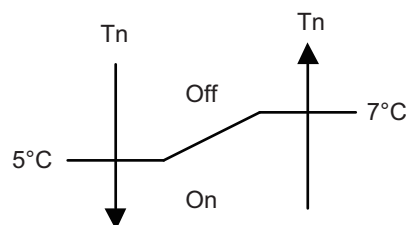
7-6. Compressor preheating

By preheating the compressor, warm airflow is quickly discharged when the operation is started.

- **Triggering condition**
 - 30 minutes after compressor stopped.
 - Outdoor unit heat exchanger temperature (T_n)

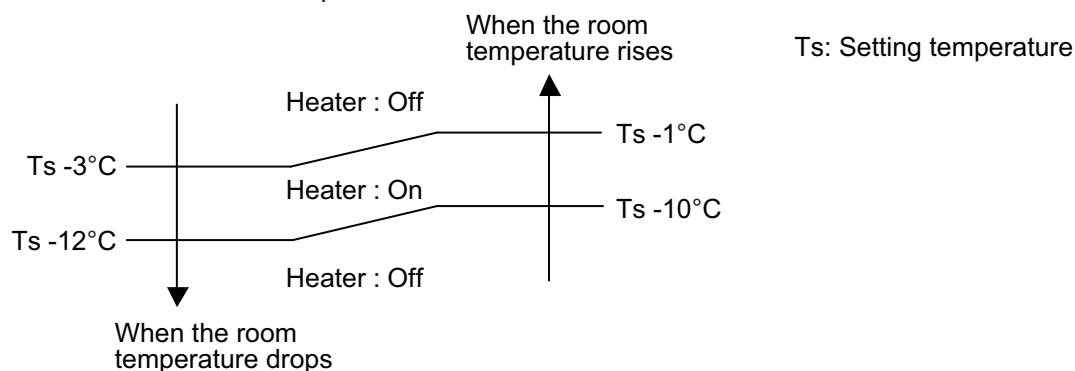


When the jumper wire (JM2) is disconnected:



7-7. External electrical heater control

The external electrical heater is operated as below.



NOTES:

- When the compressor stop, external electric heater is off.
- It operates only in heating mode and when the indoor fan operates. (However, S-LOW is excluded.)

7-8. Electronic expansion valve control

The most proper opening of the electronic expansion valve is calculated and controlled under the present operating condition based on the table below.

Operation mode	Pulse range
Cooling/dry mode	Between 52 and 480 pulses
Heating mode	

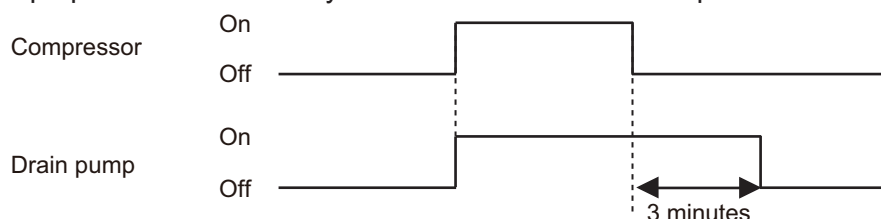
NOTE: At the time of supplying the power to the outdoor unit, the initialization of the electronic expansion valve is operated (528 pulses are input to the closing direction).

7-9. Drain pump control

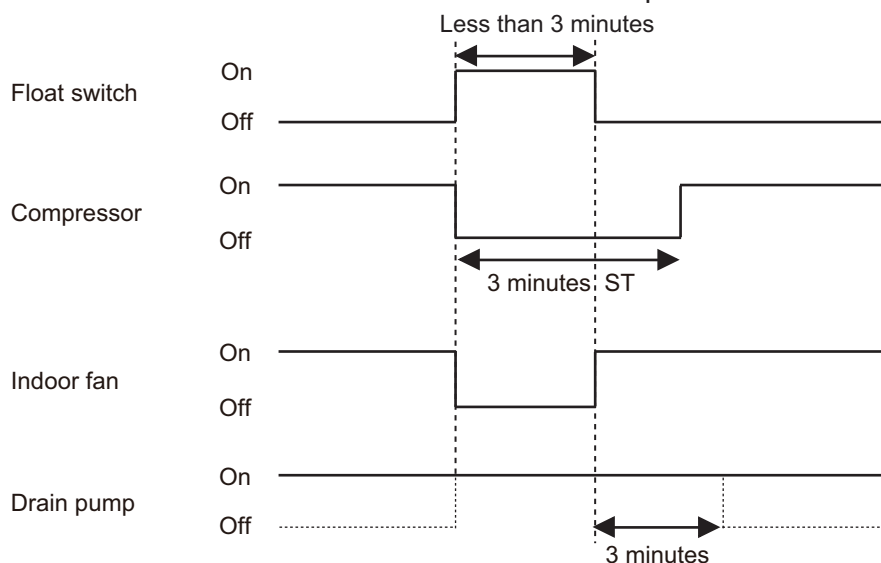
■ Drain control for dehumidification operation

● During cooling or dry mode

- When the compressor starts, the drain pump starts simultaneously.
- The drain pump operates continuously for 3 minutes after the compressor is turned off.



- When the compressor stops by the ["Anti-freezing control \(cooling and dry mode\)"](#) on page 01-33, the drain pump is turned off in 1 hour after the compressor stops.
- When the float switch is on, the compressor, indoor and outdoor fan motor operation are stopped.
- Drain pump operates continuously for 3 minutes after the float switch is turned off and then drain pump is turned off.
- When the float switch turns on continuously for 3 minutes, "failure indication" operates. (It is necessary to turn off power for release it.)
- When the float switch turns off less than 3 minutes, the unit starts cooling operation. Indoor fan motor starts after the float switch is turned off and the compressor starts after 3 minutes st.



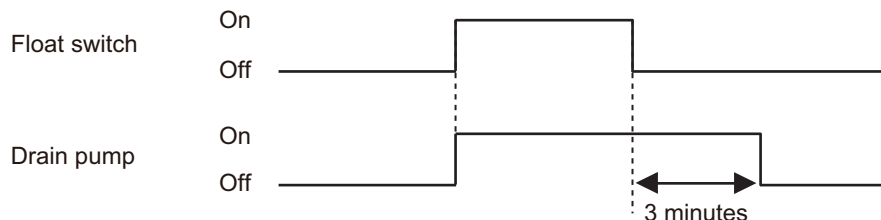
● During heating mode or fan mode and when operation is stopped

- **Triggering condition**

Drain pump is turned on at the same time that the float switch is turned on.

- **Operation details**

When the float switch turns on continuously for 3 minutes, "failure indication" operates. Thereafter, even if the float switch turns off, the "failure indication" is not released. (It is necessary to turn off power for release it.)



- **Release condition**

Drain pump operates continuously for 3 minutes after the float switch is turned off and then drain pump is turned off.

7-10. Prevention to restart for 3 minutes (3 minutes st)

When the compressor fails to start for the number of times below, it does not enter operation status for 3 minutes.

- **Models: AOHG09KATA and AOHG12KATA**

Retry number	10
Retry set number	10

- **Models: AOHG14KATA, AOHG18KATA, and AOHG22KATA**

Retry number	50
Retry set number	3

When the compressor fails to start in the retry set number above, the compressor is stopped.

7-11. 4-way valve control

- If heating mode is selected at the compressor start, 4-way valve is energized for heating.
- When the air conditioner is switched between cooling and heating mode, compressor is stopped, and the 4-way valve is switched when the 140 seconds passes and the compressor is started.

8. Various protections

8-1. Discharge gas temperature over-rise prevention control

The discharge gas temperature sensor (discharge thermistor: outdoor unit side) detects the discharge gas temperature.

- When the discharge temperature becomes higher than the trigger condition, the compressor frequency is decreased as the table below, and it continues to decrease until the discharge temperature becomes lower than the trigger condition.
- When the discharge temperature becomes lower than the release condition, control of compressor frequency is released.
- When the discharge temperature becomes higher than the compressor protection temperature, the compressor is stopped and the indoor unit LED starts blinking.

Trigger condition	104°C
Compressor frequency	-20 rps/120 seconds
Release condition	101°C
Compressor protection temperature	110°C

8-2. Anti-freezing control (cooling and dry mode)

The compressor frequency is decrease in cooling and dry mode when the indoor unit heat exchanger temperature sensor detects the temperature lower than the trigger condition.

When the indoor unit heat exchanger temperature reaches release condition, the anti-freezing control is stopped.

Trigger condition		4°C
Release condition	Outdoor temp. ≥ 10°C*1	7°C
	Outdoor temp. ≥ 12°C*2	
	Outdoor temp. < 10°C*1	13°C
	Outdoor temp. < 12°C*2	

*1: During the outdoor temperature dropping

*2: During the outdoor temperature rising

8-3. Current release control

The compressor frequency is controlled so that the outdoor unit input current does not exceeds current limit value set according to the outdoor temperature.

The compressor frequency returns according to the operation mode, when the current becomes lower than the release value.

■ Model: AOHG09KATA

Operation mode	Outdoor temp. (Ta)	Trigger condition	Release condition
Cooling	$50^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{Ta}$	2.0 A	1.5 A
	$46^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{Ta} < 50^{\circ}\text{C}$	4.0 A	3.5 A
	$40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{Ta} < 46^{\circ}\text{C}$	4.5 A	4.0 A
	$12^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{Ta} < 40^{\circ}\text{C}$	4.5 A	4.0 A
	$2^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{Ta} < 12^{\circ}\text{C}$	4.5 A	4.0 A
	$\text{Ta} < 2^{\circ}\text{C}$	4.5 A	4.0 A
Heating	$17^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{Ta}$	5.5 A	5.0 A
	$12^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{Ta} < 17^{\circ}\text{C}$	6.0 A	5.5 A
	$5^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{Ta} < 12^{\circ}\text{C}$	6.0 A	5.5 A
	$\text{Ta} < 5^{\circ}\text{C}$	6.0 A	5.5 A

■ Model: AOHG12KATA

Operation mode	Outdoor temp. (Ta)	Trigger condition	Release condition
Cooling	$50^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{Ta}$	3.5 A	3.0 A
	$46^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{Ta} < 50^{\circ}\text{C}$	4.0 A	3.5 A
	$40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{Ta} < 46^{\circ}\text{C}$	5.0 A	4.5 A
	$12^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{Ta} < 40^{\circ}\text{C}$	5.5 A	5.0 A
	$2^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{Ta} < 12^{\circ}\text{C}$	5.5 A	5.0 A
	$\text{Ta} < 2^{\circ}\text{C}$	5.5 A	5.0 A
Heating	$17^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{Ta}$	5.5 A	5.0 A
	$12^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{Ta} < 17^{\circ}\text{C}$	6.5 A	6.0 A
	$5^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{Ta} < 12^{\circ}\text{C}$	6.5 A	6.0 A
	$\text{Ta} < 5^{\circ}\text{C}$	6.5 A	6.0 A

■ Model: AOHG14KATA

Operation mode	Outdoor temp. (Ta)	Trigger condition	Release condition
Cooling	$50^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{Ta}$	3.5 A	3.0 A
	$46^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{Ta} < 50^{\circ}\text{C}$	4.0 A	3.5 A
	$40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{Ta} < 46^{\circ}\text{C}$	4.5 A	4.0 A
	$12^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{Ta} < 40^{\circ}\text{C}$	6.0 A	5.5 A
	$2^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{Ta} < 12^{\circ}\text{C}$	6.0 A	5.5 A
	$\text{Ta} < 2^{\circ}\text{C}$	6.0 A	5.5 A
Heating	$17^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{Ta}$	5.5 A	5.0 A
	$12^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{Ta} < 17^{\circ}\text{C}$	7.0 A	6.5 A
	$5^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{Ta} < 12^{\circ}\text{C}$	7.5 A	7.0 A
	$\text{Ta} < 5^{\circ}\text{C}$	8.0 A	7.5 A

■ Model: AOHG18KATA

Operation mode	Outdoor temp. (Ta)	Trigger condition	Release condition
Cooling	$50^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{Ta}$	4.0 A	3.5 A
	$46^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{Ta} < 50^{\circ}\text{C}$	4.5 A	4.0 A
	$40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{Ta} < 46^{\circ}\text{C}$	6.0 A	5.5 A
	$12^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{Ta} < 40^{\circ}\text{C}$	8.5 A	8.0 A
	$2^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{Ta} < 12^{\circ}\text{C}$	8.5 A	8.0 A
	$\text{Ta} < 2^{\circ}\text{C}$	8.5 A	8.0 A
Heating	$17^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{Ta}$	7.0 A	6.5 A
	$12^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{Ta} < 17^{\circ}\text{C}$	8.5 A	8.0 A
	$5^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{Ta} < 12^{\circ}\text{C}$	8.5 A	8.0 A
	$\text{Ta} < 5^{\circ}\text{C}$	8.5 A	8.0 A

■ Model: AOHG22KATA

Operation mode	Outdoor temp. (Ta)	Trigger condition	Release condition
Cooling	$50^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{Ta}$	4.5 A	4.0 A
	$46^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{Ta} < 50^{\circ}\text{C}$	4.5 A	4.0 A
	$40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{Ta} < 46^{\circ}\text{C}$	6.0 A	5.5 A
	$12^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{Ta} < 40^{\circ}\text{C}$	10.0 A	9.5 A
	$2^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{Ta} < 12^{\circ}\text{C}$	10.0 A	9.5 A
	$\text{Ta} < 2^{\circ}\text{C}$	10.0 A	9.5 A
Heating	$17^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{Ta}$	7.0 A	6.5 A
	$12^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{Ta} < 17^{\circ}\text{C}$	9.0 A	8.5 A
	$5^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{Ta} < 12^{\circ}\text{C}$	10.0 A	9.5 A
	$\text{Ta} < 5^{\circ}\text{C}$	10.0 A	9.5 A

8-4. Indoor unit fan motor over temperature protection

When satisfy the following conditions, the protection works.

- After the 90 seconds from the fan operation, detect less than 300 rpm for 10 seconds.
- IPM trip protection works.
- Current overload protection works.

When detecting the above condition, recheck the condition after 6 minutes. When count the twice, the protection works.

• Protection contents

Reduce the static pressure 20 Pa. When it does not dissolve even the minimum static pressure condition, work the following operation.

- Fan motor error displayed when less than 300 rpm for 10 seconds is detected after the 90 seconds from the fan operation.
- Fan stop 40 seconds when IPM trip protection works.
- Fan stop 50 seconds when current overload protection works.

8-5. Compressor temperature protection

When the compressor temperature sensor detects higher than the trigger condition below, the compressor is stopped. When the compressor temperature sensor detects the release condition, the protection is released.

Trigger condition	108°C
Release condition	80°C (3 minutes after compressor stop)

8-6. High pressure protection

Trigger condition	Pressure switch: Off (Open: Higher than 4.2 MPa) Compressor stop
Release condition	Pressure switch: On (Close: Lower than 3.2 MPa) (3 minutes after compressor stop) Compressor restart

8-7. Low outdoor temperature protection

When the outdoor temperature sensor detects lower than the trigger condition below, the compressor is stopped.

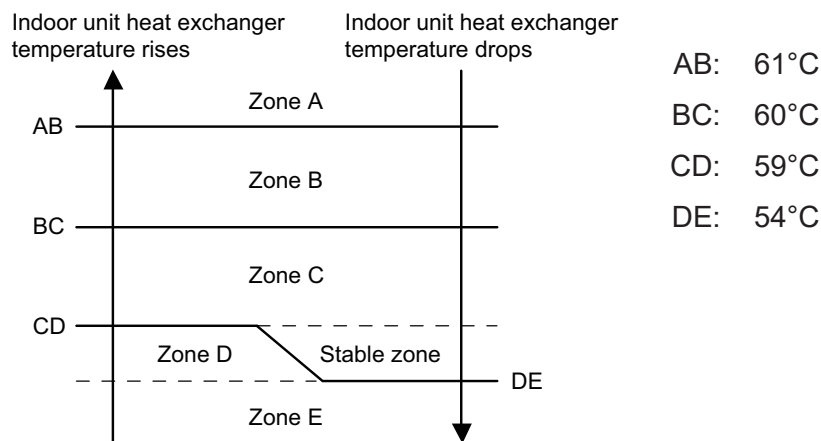
Operation mode	Cooling/Dry
Trigger condition	-20°C
Release condition	-15°C

8-8. High temperature and high pressure release control

The compressor is controlled as follows.

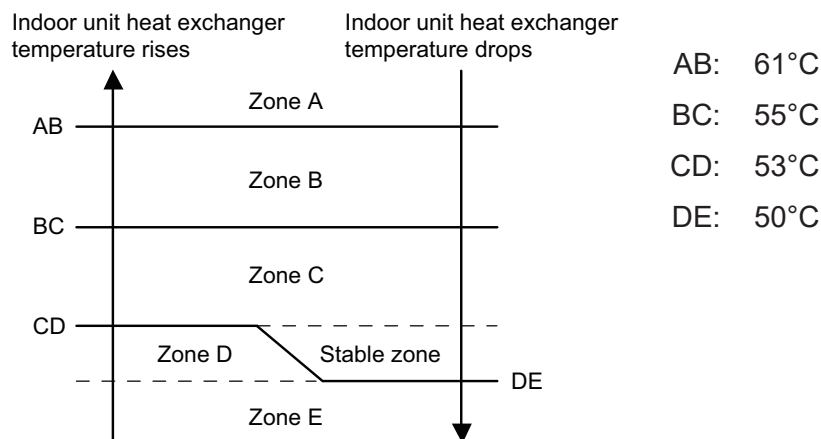
■ Models: AOHG09KATA, AOHG12KATA, AOHG14KATA, AOHG18KATA, and AOHG22KATA

• Cooling mode



Zone	Operation	
Zone A	Compressor is stopped.	
Zone B	The compressor frequency is decreased.	-30 rps/30 sec.
Zone C		-5 rps/60 sec.
Zone D	The protection is released and the operation is returned to normal mode.	
Zone E		

• Heating mode



Zone	Operation	
Zone A	Compressor is stopped.	
Zone B	The compressor frequency is decreased.	-25 rps/120 sec.
Zone C		-3 rps/60 sec.
Zone D	The protection is released and the operation is returned to normal mode.	
Zone E		

CASSETTE type INVERTER

2 . TROUBLE SHOOTING

2 ERROR DISPLAY

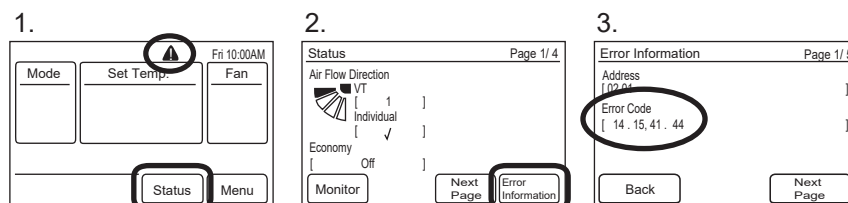
2-1 INDOOR UNIT AND WIRED REMOTE CONTROLLER DISPLAY

Check the Error LED display on the Indoor unit (IR Receiver *Option)

1. Check ECONOMY (Green) LED Blinking, it means the Error on the system. (Not brinking: No Error)
 2. Count OPERATION (Green) LED blinks: The number of blinking means the first digit of Error code.
 3. Count TIMER (Orange) LED blinks: The number of blinking means the second digit of Error code.
- Ex.) ECONOMY: Blinking continuous / OPERATION: 4 times / TIMER: 1 time ⇒ Indoor Room Thermistor Error

Check the Error code on the wired remote controller (Remote controller *Option)

1. If an error occurs, an error icon appears on the "Monitor mode screen".
Touch the [Status] on the "Monitor mode screen".The "Status" screen is displayed.
2. Touch the [Error Information] on the "Status"screen. The "Error Information"screen is displayed.
(If there are no errors, the [Error Information] will not be displayed.)
3. 2-digit numbers correspond to the error code in the table below. Touch the [Next page]
(or [Previous page]) to switch to other connected indoor units.



For the details of the indoor unit or outdoor unit error , refer to the error codes in each installation manual

Error Contents	Error Code	Trouble shooting
Serial Communication Error	11	1,2
Wired Remote Controller Communication Error	12	3
Automatic Air flow Adjustment Error	15	4
External communication Error	18	5
Combination Error	23	6
Indoor unit address setting Error	26	7
Connection unit number Error (Indoor unit Wired remote controller Error)	29	8
Indoor unit PCB model information Error	32	9
Indoor unit motor electricity consumption detection Error	33	10
Manual auto switch Error	35	11
Indoor unit power supply Error for fan motor	39	12
Indoor unit Communication circuit (wired remote controller) Error	3A	13
Indoor Room Thermistor Error	41	14
Indoor Heat Ex. Thermistor Error	42	15
Indoor Unit Fan Motor Error	51	16

Error Contents	Error Code	Trouble shooting
Drain pump Error	53	17
Outdoor unit main PCB model information error	62	18
Inverter Error	63	19
PFC circuit Error	64	20
Trip terminal L Error	65	21
Discharge Thermistor Error	71	22
Heat Ex. Outlet / Middle Thermistor Error	73	24
Outdoor Thermistor Error	74	25
Current sensor Error	84	27
Trip detection	94	29
Compressor rotor position detection Error	95	30
Outdoor Unit Fan Motor Error	97	31
4-way Valve Error	99	32
Discharge Temp. Error	A1	33

2-2 TROUBLE SHOOTING WITH ERROR CODE

Trouble shooting 1
OUTDOOR UNIT Error Method:
Serial communication error
(Serial Reverse Transfer Error)

Indicate or Display:

Error code : 11

Outdoor unit : No indication

Detective Actuators:

Outdoor unit Main PCB
 Outdoor unit fan motor

Detective details:

When the indoor unit cannot receive the serial signal from Outdoor unit more than 2minutes after power ON, or the indoor unit cannot receive the serial signal more than 15seconds during normal operation.

Forecast of Cause:

1. Connection failure 2. External cause 3. Main PCB failure 4. Outdoor unit fan motor failure

Check Point 1-1 : Reset the power and operate

• Does Error indication show again?

NO

YES

Check Point 2 : Check Connection

• Check any loose or removed connection line of Indoor unit and Outdoor unit.
 >> **If there is an abnormal condition, correct it by referring to Installation Manual or Data & Technical Manual.**

Check Point 1-2: Check external cause such as noise

• Check the complete insulation of the grounding.
 • Check if there is any equipment that causes harmonic wave near the power cable (Neon light bulb or any electronic equipment which causes harmonic wave).

OK

Check Point 3 : Check the voltage of power supply

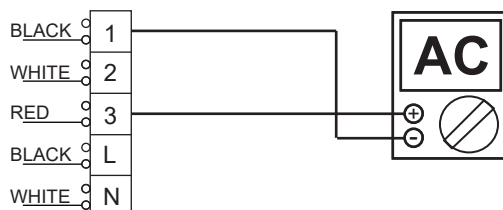
• Check the voltage of power supply
 >> **Check if AC198V (AC220V -10%) - 264V (AC240V +10%) appears at Outdoor Unit Terminal L - N.**



OK

Check Point 4 : Check Serial Signal (Reverse Transfer Signal)

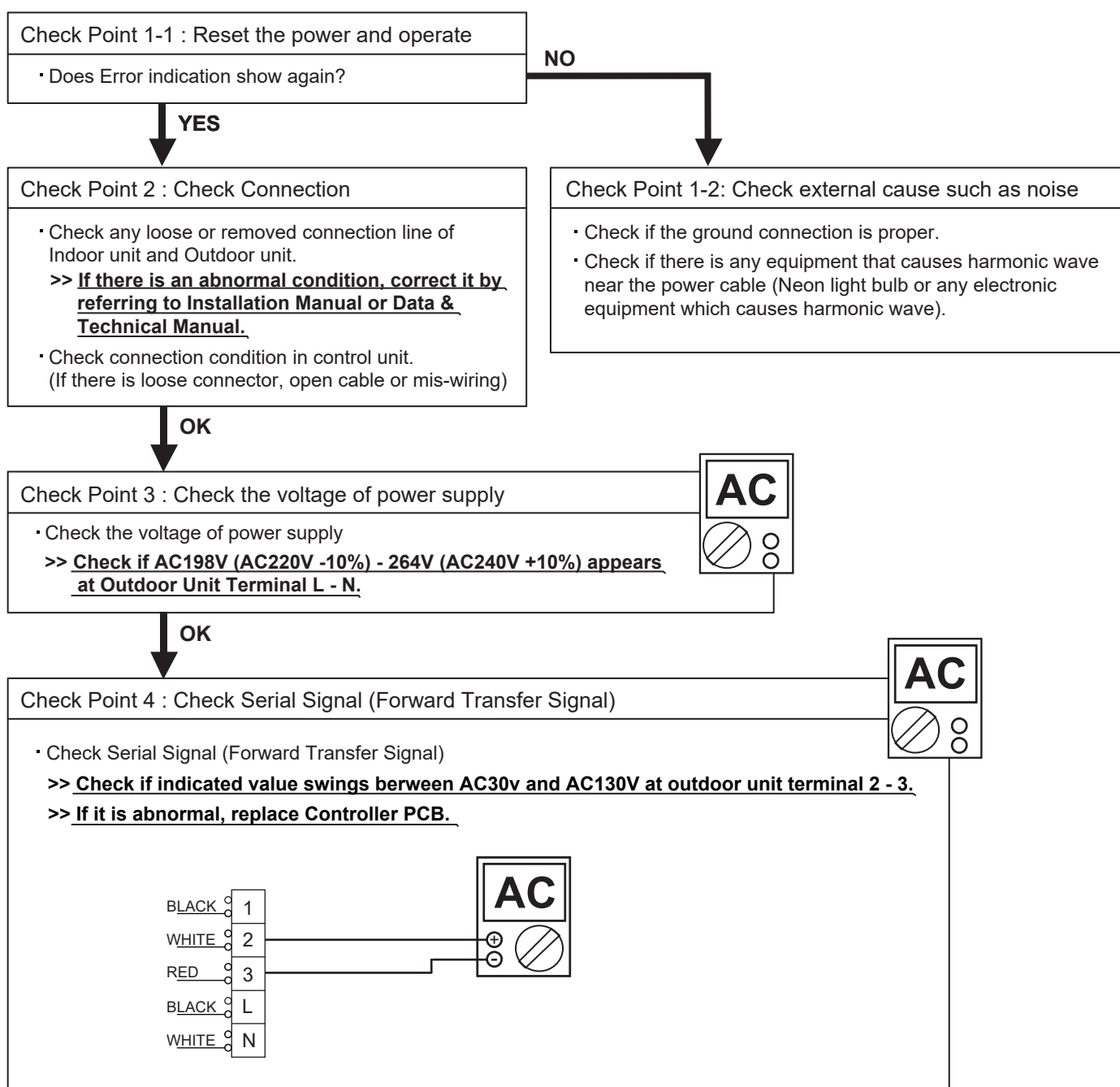
• Check Serial Signal (Reverse Transfer Signal)
 >> **Check if Indicated value swings between AC90V and AC270V at Outdoor Unit Terminal 1 - 3.**
 >> **If it is abnormal, Check Outdoor unit fan motor (PARTS INFORMATION 5)**
 >> **If Outdoor fan motor is abnormal, replace Outdoor unit fan motor and Main PCB.**
 >> **If Outdoor fan motor is normal, replace Main PCB.**



Trouble shooting 2 INDOOR UNIT Error Method: Serial communication error (Serial Forward Transfer Error)	Indicate or Display: Error code : 11 <div>Outdoor unit : No indication</div>
--	--

Detective Actuators: Indoor unit Controller PCB	Detective details: When the outdoor unit cannot properly receive the serial signal from indoor unit for 10 seconds or more.
---	---

Forecast of Cause: 1. Connection failure 2. External cause 3. Controller PCB failure
--



Trouble shooting 5 <u>INDOOR UNIT Error Method:</u> External communication error	<u>Indicate or Display:</u> Error code : 18 Outdoor unit : No indication
---	---

<u>Detective Actuators:</u> External communication error	<u>Detective details:</u> After receiving a signal from the external I/O PCB, the same a signal has not been received for 15sec
--	--

<u>Forecast of Cause :</u> 1. Connection failure 2.External I/O PCB failure 3.Controller PCB failure
--

Check Point 1 : Check the connection
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Check any loose or removed connection of between the controller PCB to the external I/O PCB >>If there is an abnormal condition, correct it by refer to installation manual or the technical manual. ▪ Check the condition condition on the external I/O PCB and the controller PCB (If there is loose connector, open cable or mis-wiring)



Check Point 2: Replace external I/O PCB
► <u>If Check Point 1 do not improve the symptom, change External I/O PCB.</u>



Check Point 3: Replace Controller PCB
► <u>If Check Point 2 do not improve the symptom, change Controller PCB.</u>

Trouble shooting 6 <u>INDOOR UNIT Error Method:</u> Combination error	<u>Indicate or Display:</u> Error code : 23 Outdoor unit : No indication
--	---

<u>Detective Actuators:</u> Indoor unit	<u>Detective details:</u> 1. The outdoor unit receives the serial signal of applied refrigerant information from Indoor unit. When the refrigerant is R410a. 2. When the outdoor unit type is multi.
---	---

<u>Forecast of Cause:</u> 1. The selection of indoor units is incorrect

Check Point 1 : Check the type of indoor unit
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Check the type of the connected indoor unit. >> <u>If abnormal condition is found, correct it.</u>

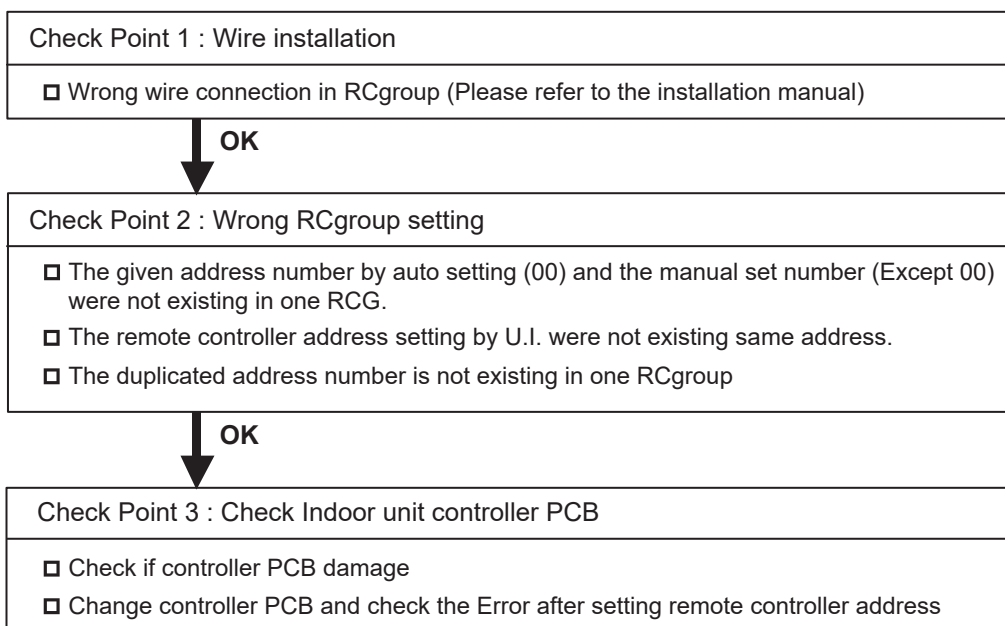


Check Point 2 : Replace Main PCB
► <u>If Check Point 1 do not improve the symptom, replace Main PCB of Outdoor unit.</u>

Trouble shooting 7 <u>INDOOR UNIT Error Method:</u> Indoor unit address setting error	<u>Indicate or Display:</u> Error code : 26 Outdoor unit : No indication
---	--

<u>Detective Actuators:</u> Wired remote controller (2-Wire) Indoor unit Controller PCB circuit	<u>Detective details:</u> When the address number set by auto setting and manual setting are mixed in one RC group. When the duplicated address number exists in one RC group.
--	---

<u>Forecast of Cause :</u> 1. Wrong wiring of RCgroup 2. Wrong remote address setting 3. Indoor unit controller PCB failure 4. Remote controller failure



Trouble shooting 8 <u>INDOOR UNIT Error Method:</u> Connection unit number error (Indoor unit in Wired remote controller system)	<u>Indicate or Display:</u> Error code : 29 <div>Outdoor unit : No indication</div>
---	---

<u>Detective Actuators:</u> Wired remote controller (2-Wire) Indoor unit Controller PCB circuit	<u>Detective details:</u> When the number of connecting indoor units are out of specified rule.
--	---

<u>Forecast of Cause :</u> 1. Wrong wiring / Number of I.U, RC in RCgroup 2. Indoor unit controller PCB defective

Check Point 1 : Wire installation
<input type="checkbox"/> Wrong number of connecting indoor unit

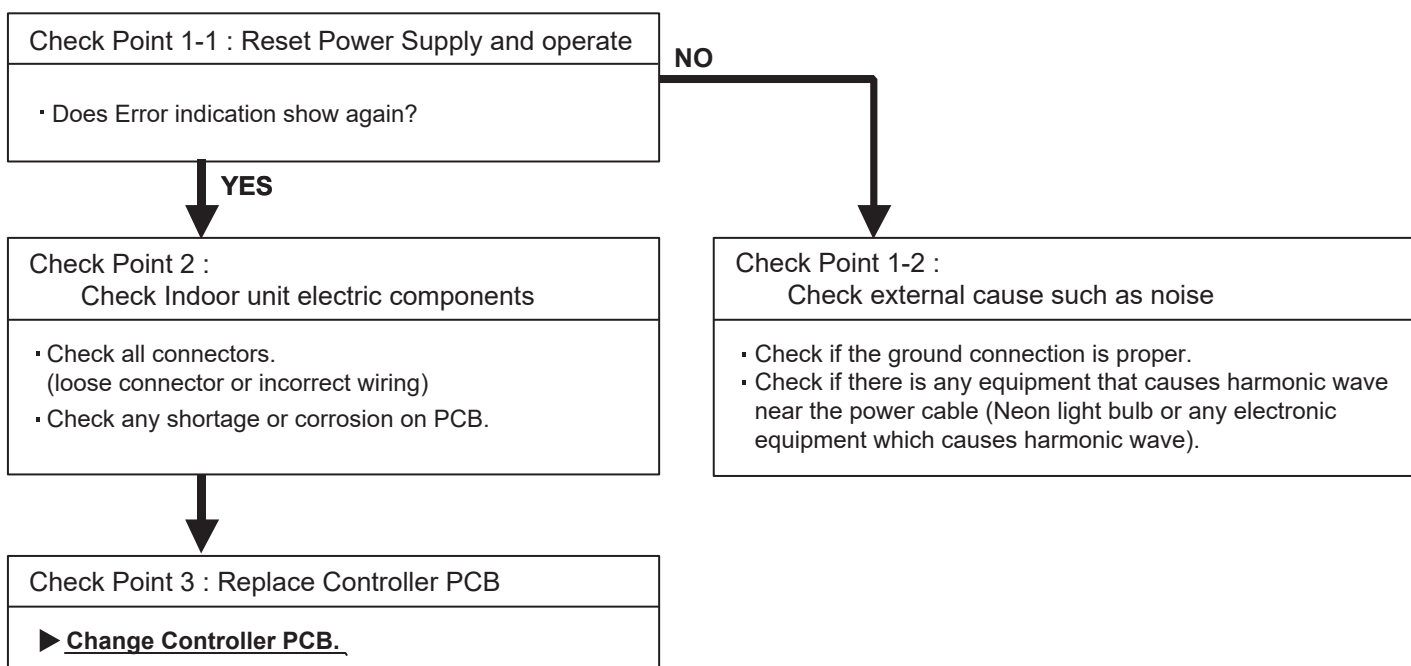


Check Point 2 : Check Indoor unit controller PCB
<input type="checkbox"/> Check if controller PCB damage <input type="checkbox"/> Check if controller PCB and check the Error after setting remote controller address

Trouble shooting 9 <u>INDOOR UNIT Error Method:</u> Indoor unit PCB model information error	<u>Indicate or Display:</u> Error code : 32 Outdoor unit : No indication
--	--

<u>Detective Actuators:</u> Indoor unit Controller PCB	<u>Detective details:</u> When power is on and there is some below case. 1. When model information of EEPROM is incorrect. 2. When the access to EEPROM failed.
--	---

<u>Forecast of Cause:</u> 1. External cause 2. Defective connection of electric components 3. Controller PCB failure
--



Note : EEPROM

EEPROM(Electronically Erasable and Programmable Read Only Memory) is a non-volatile memory which keeps memorized information even if power is turned off. It can change the contents electronically. To change the contents, it uses higher voltage than normal, and it can not change a partial contents. (Rewriting shall be done upon erasing the all contents.) There is a limit in a number of rewriting.

Trouble shooting 10 <u>INDOOR UNIT Error Method:</u> Indoor unit motor electricity consumption detection error	<u>Indicate or Display:</u> Error code : 33 Outdoor unit : No indication
---	---

<u>Detective Actuators:</u> Indoor unit fan motor Indoor unit Controller PCB circuit	<u>Detective details:</u> When the voltage value or the current value of the motor go beyond the limits.
---	--

<u>Forecast of Cause:</u> 1. Fan motor failure 2. Controller PCB failure

Check Point 1 : Check rotation of Fan
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Rotate the fan by hand when operation is off. (Check if fan is caught, dropped off or locked motor) >><u>If Fan or Bearing is abnormal, replace It.</u>



Check Point 2 : Check ambient temp. around motor
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check excessively high temperature around the motor. (if there is any surrounding equipment that causes heat) >><u>Upon the temperature coming down, restart operation.</u>



Check Point 3 : Check Indoor unit fan motor
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check Indoor unit fan motor. (PARTS INFORMATION 4) >><u>if Indoor unit fan motor is abnormal, replace Indoor unit fan motor.</u>




Check Point 4 : Replace Controller PCB
► <u>If Check Point 1- 3 do not improve the symptom, replace Controller PCB.</u>

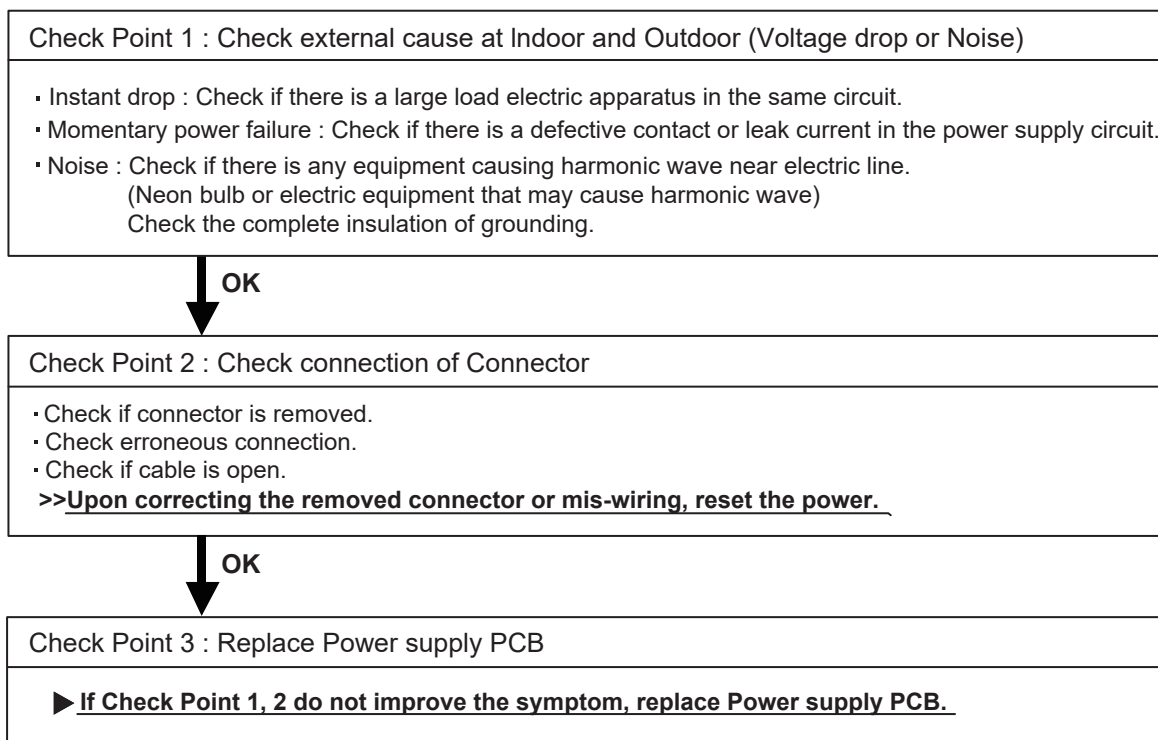
Trouble shooting 11 <u>INDOOR UNIT Error Method:</u> Manual auto switch Error	<u>Indicate or Display:</u> Error code : 35 Outdoor unit : No indication
--	---

<u>Detective Actuators:</u> Indoor unit Controller PCB Indicator PCB Manual auto switch	<u>Detective details:</u> When the Manual Auto Switch becomes ON for consecutive 60 or more seconds.
---	--

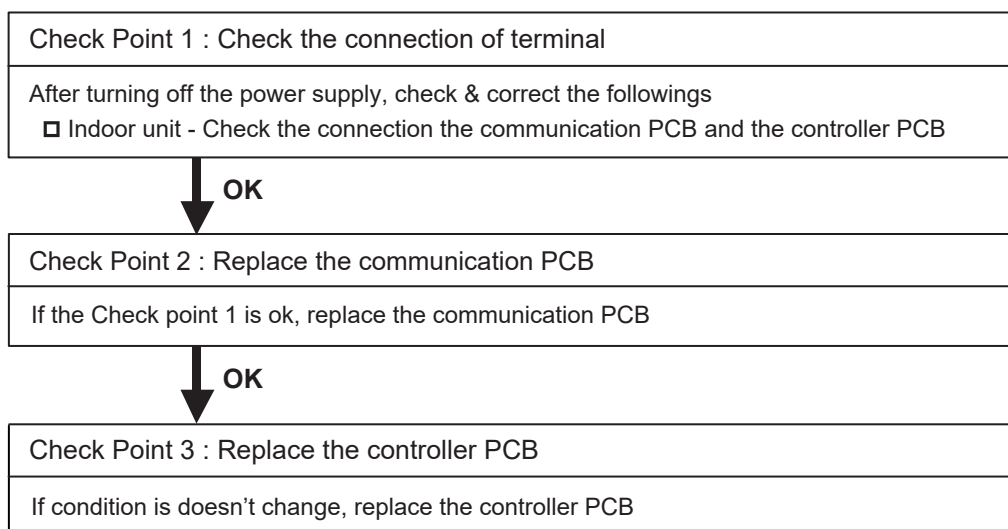
<u>Forecast of Cause:</u> 1. Manual auto switch failure 2.Controller PCB and Indicator PCB failure

Check Point 1 : Check the Manual auto switch	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check if Manual auto switch is kept pressed. • Check ON/OFF switching operation by using a meter. >>If Manual auto switch is disabled (on/off switching), replace it.	
<div style="text-align: center;"> ↓ OK </div>	
Check Point 2 : Replace Controller PCB	
► If Check Point 1 do not improve the symptom, change Controller PCB and Indicator PCB.	

Trouble shooting 12 <u>INDOOR UNIT Error Method:</u> Indoor unit power supply error for fan motor	<u>Indicate or Display:</u> Error code : 39 Outdoor unit : No indication
<u>Detective Actuators:</u> Indoor unit Power Supply PCB	<u>Detective details:</u> When a momentary power cut off. When do not start fan motor.
<u>Forecast of Cause :</u> 1. External cause 2. Connection of connector failure 3. Power Supply PCB failure	



Trouble shooting 13 INDOOR UNIT Error Method: Indoor unit Communication circuit (wired remote controller) error	<u>Indicate or Display:</u> Error code : 3A Outdoor unit : No indication
<u>Detective Actuators:</u> Indoor unit Controller PCB circuit	<u>Detective details:</u> Detect the communication error of microcomputer and communication PCB.
<u>Forecast of Cause :</u> 1.Communication PCB defective 2. Indoor unit controller PCB defective	



Trouble shooting 16 <u>INDOOR UNIT Error Method:</u> Indoor Unit Fan Motor Error	<u>Indicate or Display:</u> Error code : 51 <div>Outdoor unit : No indication</div>
---	---

<u>Detective Actuators:</u> Indoor unit Power Supply PCB Indoor unit fan motor	<u>Detective details:</u> When the fan motor speed is less than 1/3 of the target fan speed for 56 seconds. When detect the 0 rpm for 56 seconds after fan motor started.
---	--

<u>Forecast of Cause:</u> 1. Fan rotation failure 2. Fan motor winding open 3. Motor protection by surrounding temperature rise 4. Power Supply PCB failure 5. Indoor unit fan motor failure

Check Point 1 : Check rotation of Fan
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Rotate the fan by hand when operation is off. (Check if fan is caught, dropped off or locked motor) >><u>If Fan or Bearing is abnormal, replace It.</u>



Check Point 2 : Check ambient temp. around motor
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Check excessively high temperature around the motor. (if there is any surrounding equipment that causes heat) >><u>Upon the temperature coming down, restart operation.</u>



Check Point 3 : Check Indoor unit fan motor
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Check Indoor unit fan motor. (PARTS INFORMATION 4) >><u>if Indoor unit fan motor is abnormal, replace Indoor unit fan motor.</u>

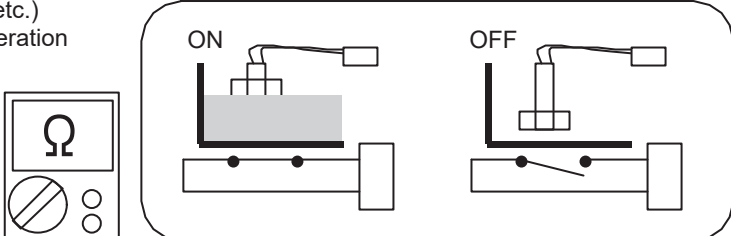


Check Point 4 : Replace Power Supply PCB
▶ <u>If Check Point 1- 3 do not improve the symptom, replace Power Supply PCB.</u>

Trouble shooting 17 <u>INDOOR UNIT Error Method:</u> Drain Pump Error	<u>Indicate or Display:</u> Error code : 53 Outdoor unit : No indication
--	--

<u>Detective Actuators:</u> Indoor unit Controller PCB Circuit Float switch	<u>Detective details:</u> When Float switch is ON for more than 3 minutes.
--	--

<u>Forecast of Cause :</u> 1. Float switch failure 2. Shorted connector/wire 3. Controller PCB failure 4. Drain pump failure 5. Hose clogging

Check Point 1 : Check Float switch <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check operation of float switch. (any blocking by dust, etc.) • Remove Float switch and check ON/OFF switching operation by using a meter. <p>>><u>If Float switch is abnormal, replace it.</u></p>	
--	--



Check Point 2 : Check Connector and Wire <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check loose contact of CN9 /shorted wire (pinched wire). <p>>><u>Replace Float switch if the wire is abnormal</u></p>



Check Point 3 : Check Drain hose <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check Drain hose . <p>>><u>If there is Hose clogging. Please clear the clog.</u></p>
--



Check Point 4 : Replace Drain pump <p>► <u>If Check Point 1- 3 do not improve the symptom, replace Drain pump.</u></p>

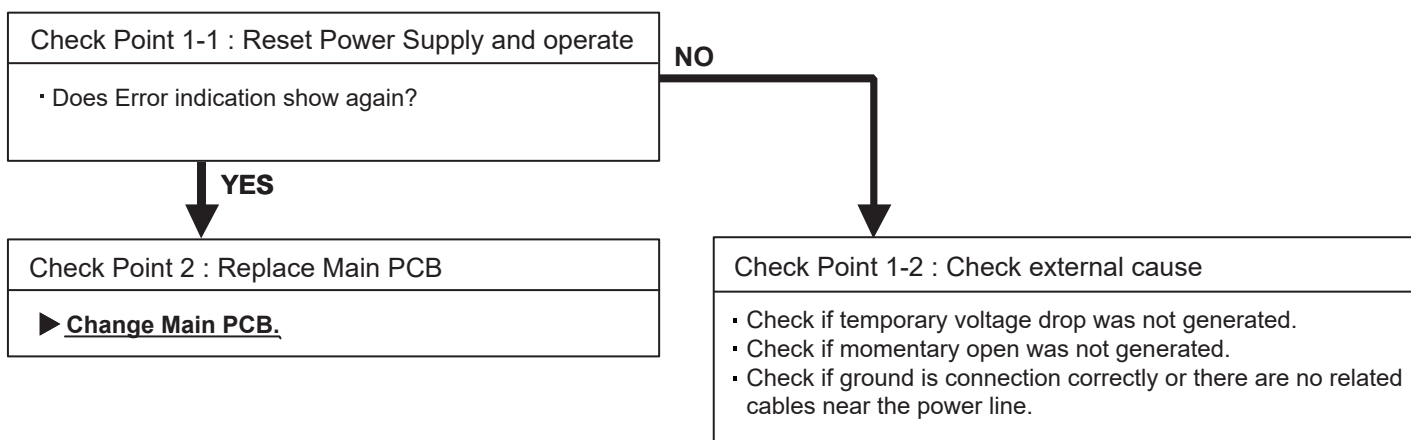


Check Point 5 : Replace Controller PCB <p>► <u>If Check Point 4 do not improve the symptom, replace Controller PCB.</u></p>
--

Trouble shooting 18 <u>OUTDOOR UNIT Error Method:</u> Outdoor unit main PCB model information error	<u>Indicate or Display:</u> Error code : 62 Outdoor unit : No indication
--	---

<u>Detective Actuators:</u> Outdoor unit Main PCB	<u>Detective details:</u> Access to EEPROM failed due to some cause after outdoor unit started.
---	---

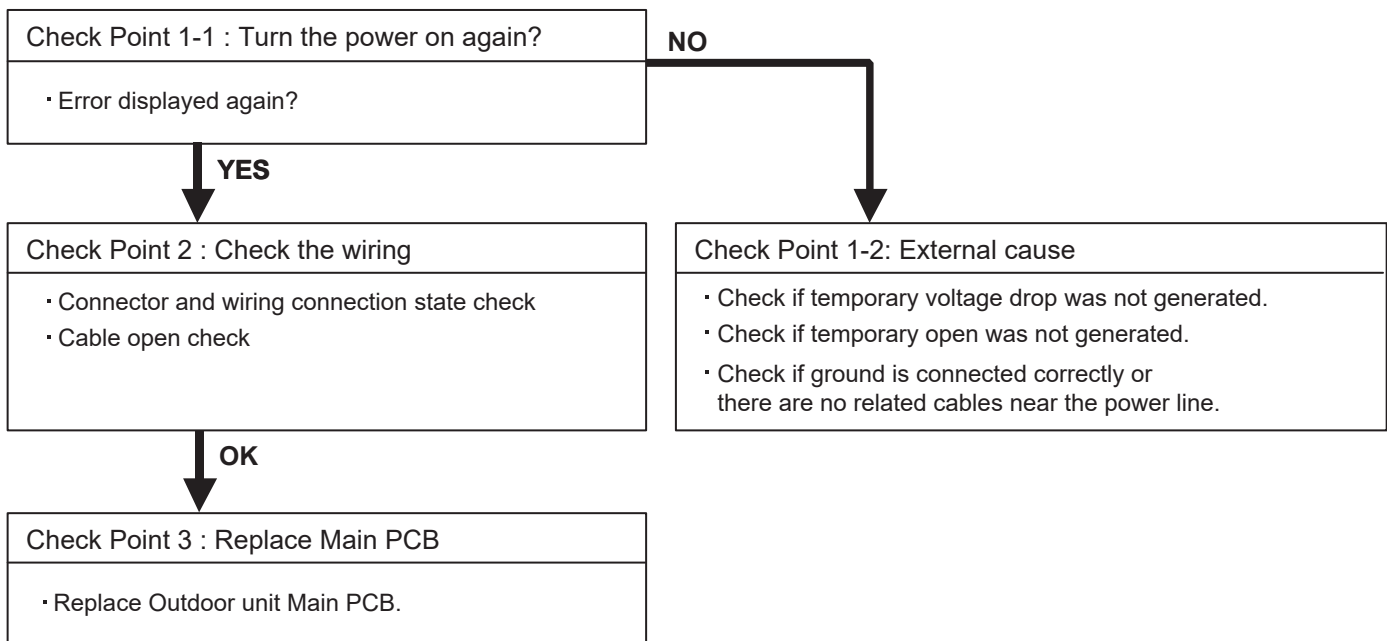
<u>Forecast of Cause:</u> 1. External cause (Noise, temporary open, voltage drop) 2. Main PCB failure
--



Trouble shooting 19 <u>OUTDOOR UNIT Error Method:</u> Inverter error	<u>Indicate or Display:</u> Error code : 63 Outdoor unit : No indication
---	--

<u>Detective Actuators:</u> Outdoor unit Main PCB	<u>Detective details:</u> • Error information received from Outdoor unit Main PCB
---	---

<u>Forecast of Cause :</u> 1. External cause. 2. Power supply to Main PCB wiring disconnection, open 3. Outdoor unit Main PCB failure



Trouble shooting 20 <u>OUTDOOR UNIT Error Method:</u> PFC circuit error	<u>Indicate or Display:</u> Error code : 64 Outdoor unit : No indication
--	--

<u>Detective Actuators:</u> Outdoor unit Main PCB	<u>Detective details:</u> When inverter output DC voltage is higher than 420V for over 3 seconds, the compressor stops. If the same operation is repeated 5 times, the compressor stops permanently.
---	---

<u>Forecast of Cause :</u> 1. External cause 2. Connector connection failure 3. Main PCB failure
--

Check Point 1 : Check external cause at Indoor and Outdoor (Voltage drop or Noise)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Instant drop : Check if there is a large load electric apparatus in the same circuit. Momentary power failure : Check if there is a defective contact or leak current in the power supply circuit. Noise : Check if there is any equipment causing harmonic wave near electric line. (Neon bulb or electric equipment that may cause harmonic wave) Check the complete insulation of grounding.



Check Point 2 : Check connection of Connector
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Check if connector is removed. Check erroneous connection. Check if cable is open. >>Upon correcting the removed connector or mis-wiring, reset the power.



Check Point 3 : Replace Main PCB
► <u>If Check Point 1, 2 do not improve the symptom, change Main PCB.</u>

Trouble shooting 21 <u>OUTDOOR UNIT Error Method:</u> Trip terminal L error	<u>Indicate or Display:</u> Error code : 65 Outdoor unit : No indication
--	--

<u>Detective Actuators:</u> Outdoor unit Main PCB	<u>Detective details:</u> When the signal from FO terminal of IPM is "L"(=0V) while the compressor stops.
---	---

<u>Forecast of Cause:</u> 1. Outdoor unit Main PCB failure
--

Check Point 1 : Replace Main PCB
► <u>Replace Outdoor unit Main PCB.</u>

Trouble shooting 22 <u>OUTDOOR UNIT Error Method:</u> Discharge Thermistor Error	<u>Indicate or Display:</u> Error code : 71 <div>Outdoor unit : No indication</div>
---	---

<u>Detective Actuators:</u> Discharge temperature thermistor	<u>Detective details:</u> • Discharge temperature thermistor short or open detected
--	---

<u>Forecast of Cause :</u>	1. Connector connection failure, open 2. Thermistor failure 3. Main PCB failure
-----------------------------------	---

Check Point 1 : Check the connector connection and cable open
<input type="checkbox"/> Connector connection state check <input type="checkbox"/> Cable open check



Check Point 2 : Check the thermistor
<input type="checkbox"/> Thermistor characteristics check (Disconnect the thermistor from the PCB and check.) * For the thermistor characteristics, refer to the "Service Parts Information 8".



Check Point 3 : Check voltage of Main PCB (DC5.0V)	<div>DC</div>
<input type="checkbox"/> Main PCB P1:3-4 voltage value =5V <u>Remove the thermistor from Main PCB, check the voltage.</u>	
<p>► <u>If the voltage does not appear, replace Main PCB, and execute the check operation again.</u></p>	

Trouble shooting 24 OUTDOOR UNIT Error Method: Heat Ex. Outlet / Middle Temp. Thermistor Error	Indicate or Display: Error code : 73 <div>Outdoor unit : No indication</div>
---	--

Detective Actuators: Heat exchanger Outlet / Middle temperature thermistor	Detective details: • Heat exchanger outlet temperature thermistor short or open detected • Heat exchanger middle temperature thermistor short or open detected
--	---

Forecast of Cause :	1. Connector connection failure, open 2. Thermistor failure 3. Main PCB failure
----------------------------	---

Check Point 1 : Check the connector connection and cable open
<input type="checkbox"/> Connector connection state check <input type="checkbox"/> Cable open check



Check Point 2 : Check the thermistor
<input type="checkbox"/> Thermistor characteristics check (Disconnect the thermistor from the PCB and check.) * For the thermistor characteristics, refer to the "Service Parts Information 8".



Check Point 3 : Check voltage of Main PCB (DC5.0V)	<div>DC</div>
<input type="checkbox"/> Main PCB P1 :1-2 voltage value =5V Main PCB P10:1-2 voltage value =5V Remove the thermistor from Main PCB, check the voltage.	
<p>► <u>If the voltage does not appear, replace Main PCB, and execute the check operation again.</u></p>	

Trouble shooting 25 <u>OUTDOOR UNIT Error Method:</u> Outdoor Thermistor Error	<u>Indicate or Display:</u> Error code : 74 Outdoor unit : No indication
---	---

<u>Detective Actuators:</u> Outdoor temperature thermistor	<u>Detective details:</u> • Outdoor temperature thermistor short or open detected
--	---


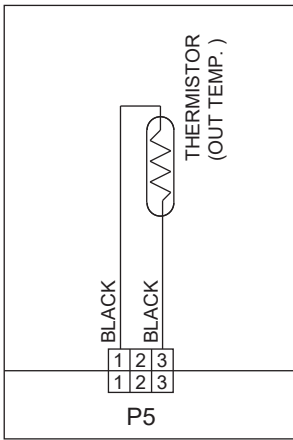
<u>Forecast of Cause :</u>	1. Connector connection failure, open 2. Thermistor failure 3. Main PCB failure
-----------------------------------	---

Check Point 1 : Check the connector connection and cable open <input type="checkbox"/> Connector connection state check <input type="checkbox"/> Cable open check



Check Point 2 : Check the thermistor <input type="checkbox"/> Thermistor characteristics check (Disconnect the thermistor from the PCB and check.) * For the thermistor characteristics, refer to the "Service Parts Information 8".

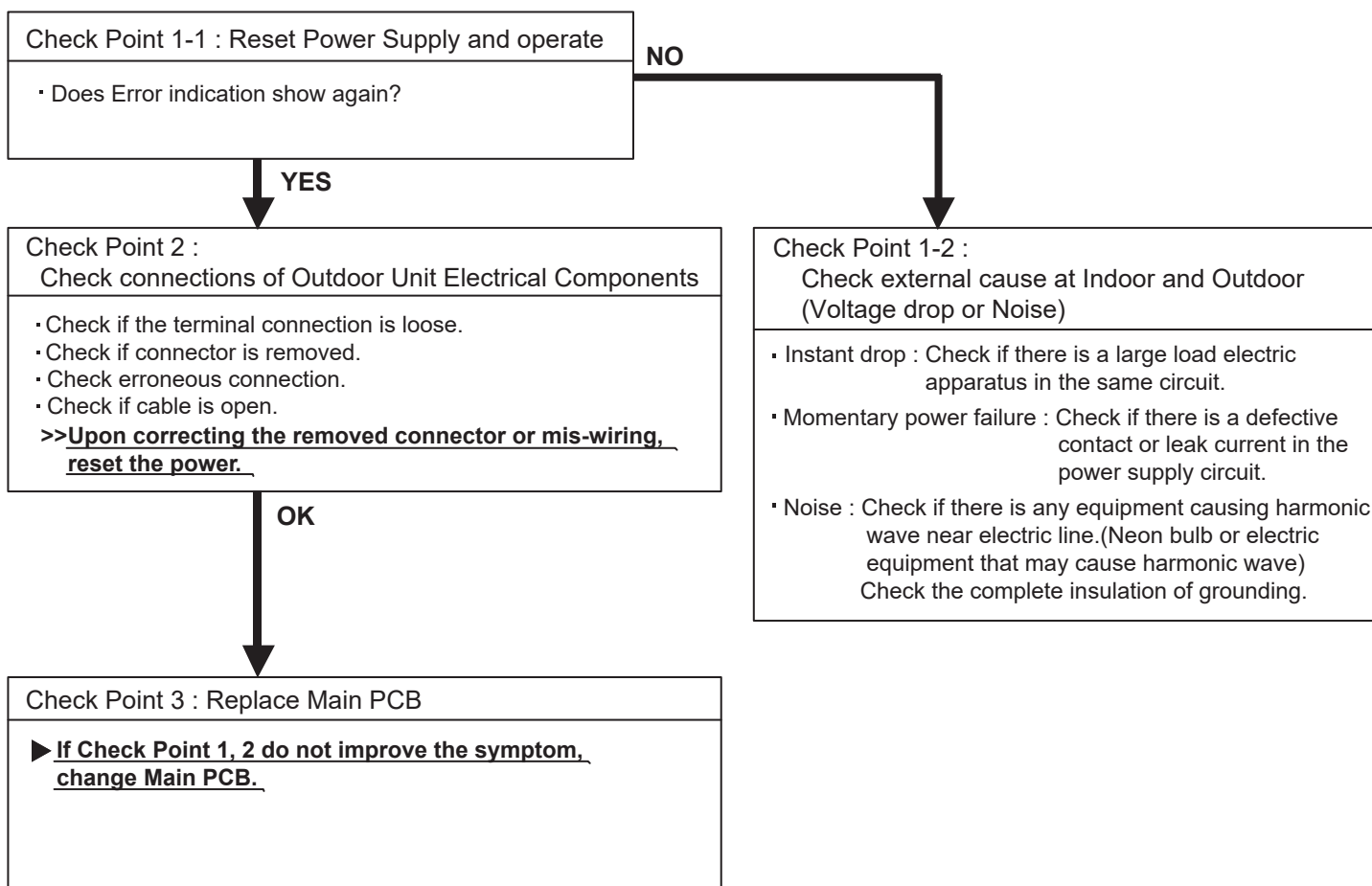


Check Point 3 : Check voltage of Main PCB (DC5.0V)	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center;"> DC  </div>
<input type="checkbox"/> Main PCB P5:1-3 voltage value =5V <u>Remove the thermistor from Main PCB, check the voltage.</u>	
	
<p>► <u>If the voltage does not appear, replace Main PCB, and execute the check operation again.</u></p>	

Trouble shooting 27 OUTDOOR UNIT Error Method: Current sensor error	Indicate or Display: Error code : 84 Outdoor unit : No indication
--	---

Detective Actuators: Outdoor unit Main PCB	Detective details: When Input Current Sensor has detected 0A, while Inverter Compressor is operating at higher than 56rps, after 1minute upon starting the Compressor. (Except during the defrost operation)
--	--

Forecast of Cause : 1. Defective connection of electric components 2. External cause 3. Main PCB failure
--



Trouble shooting 29 <u>OUTDOOR UNIT Error Method:</u> Trip detection	<u>Indicate or Display:</u> Error code : 94 Outdoor unit : No indication
---	--

<u>Detective Actuators:</u> Outdoor unit Main PCB Compressor	<u>Detective details:</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ "Protection stop by overcurrent generation after inverter compressor start processing completed" generated consecutively 10 times. *The number of generations is reset if the start-up of the compressor succeeds.
---	--

<u>Forecast of Cause :</u>	1. Outdoor unit fan operation defective, foreign matter on hear exchanger, excessive rise of ambient temperature 2.Main PCB 3.Inverter compressor failure (lock, winding short)
-----------------------------------	---

Check Point 1 : Check the outdoor unit fan operation, heat exchanger, ambient temperature
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No obstructions in air passages? • Heat exchange fins clogged • Outdoor unit fan motor check • Ambient temperature not raised by the effect of other heat sources? • Discharged air not sucked in?



Check Point 2: Replace Main PCB
▶ <u>If Check Point 1 do not improve the symptom, change Main PCB.</u>



Check Point 3: Replace Compressor
▶ <u>If Check Point 2 do not improve the symptom, change Compressor.</u>

Trouble shooting 31 OUTDOOR UNIT Error Method: Outdoor Unit Fan Motor Error	Indicate or Display: Error code : 97 <div>Outdoor unit : No indication</div>
--	--

Detective Actuators: Outdoor unit Main PCB Outdoor unit fan motor	Detective details: ① When outdoor fan rotation speed is less than 100rpm in 20 seconds after fan motor starts, fan motor stops. ② After fan motor restarts, if the same operation within 60sec is repeated 3 times in a row, compressor and fan motor stops. ③ If ① and ② repeats 5 times in a row, compressor and fan motor stops permanently.
--	---

Forecast of Cause: 1. Fan rotation failure 2. Motor protection by surrounding temperature rise 3. Main PCB failure 4. Outdoor unit fan motor failure

Check Point 1 : Check rotation of Fan
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Rotate the fan by hand when operation is off. (Check if fan is caught, dropped off or locked motor) >>If Fan or Bearing is abnormal, replace it.



Check Point 2 : Check ambient temp. around motor
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Check excessively high temperature around the motor. (If there is any surrounding equipment that causes heat) >>Upon the temperature coming down, restart operation.



Check Point 3 : Check Outdoor unit fan motor
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Check Outdoor unit fan motor. (PARTS INFORMATION 5) >>If Outdoor Fan Motor is abnormal, replace Outdoor fan motor and Main PCB.



Check Point 4 : Check Output Voltage of Main PCB	<div>DC</div>						
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Check outdoor unit circuit diagram and the voltage. (Measure at Main PCB side connector) <div> <table> <tr> <th>Read wire</th><th>DC voltage</th></tr> <tr> <td>Red - Black</td><td>280V (AC220V-10%) ~ 373V (AC240+10%)</td></tr> <tr> <td>White - Black</td><td>15 ± 1.5V</td></tr> </table> </div>	Read wire	DC voltage	Red - Black	280V (AC220V-10%) ~ 373V (AC240+10%)	White - Black	15 ± 1.5V	
Read wire	DC voltage						
Red - Black	280V (AC220V-10%) ~ 373V (AC240+10%)						
White - Black	15 ± 1.5V						
► If the voltage is not correct, replace Main PCB.							

Trouble shooting 32 <u>OUTDOOR UNIT Error Method:</u> 4-Way Valve Error	<u>Indicate or Display:</u> Error code : 99 Outdoor unit : No indication
--	---

<u>Detective Actuators:</u> Indoor Unit Controller PCB Circuit Heat Exchanger Temperature Thermistor Room Temperature Thermistor 4-way valve	<u>Detective details:</u> When the indoor heat exchanger temperature is compared with the room temperature, and either following condition is detected continuously two times, the compressor stops. • Cooling or Dry operation [Indoor heat exchanger temp.] - [Room temp.] > 10°C • Heating operation [indoor heat exchanger temp.] - [Room temp.] < -10°C If the same operation is repeated 5 times, the compressor stops permanently.
---	---

<u>Forecast of Cause :</u> 1. Connector connection failure 2. Thermistor failure 3. Coil failure 4. 4-way valve failure 5. Main PCB failure

Check Point 1 : Check connection of Connector
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check if connector is removed. • Check erroneous connection. • Check if thermistor cable is open. >> <u>Upon correcting the removed connector or mis-wiring, reset the power.</u>



Check Point 2 : Check thermistor of Indoor unit
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Isn't it fallen off the holder? • Is there a cable pinched? >> <u>Check characteristics of thermistor, (Refer to Trouble shooting 14,15), If defective, replace the thermistor.</u>



Check Point 3 : Check the solenoid coil and 4-way valve
[Solenoid coil] <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Remove P60 from PCB and check the resistance value of coil. Resistance value is about 2.085 kΩ >> <u>If it is Open or abnormal resistance value, replace Solenoid Coil.</u> [4-way valve] <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check each piping temperature, and the location of the valve by the temperature difference. >> <u>If the value location is not proper, replace 4-way valve.</u>

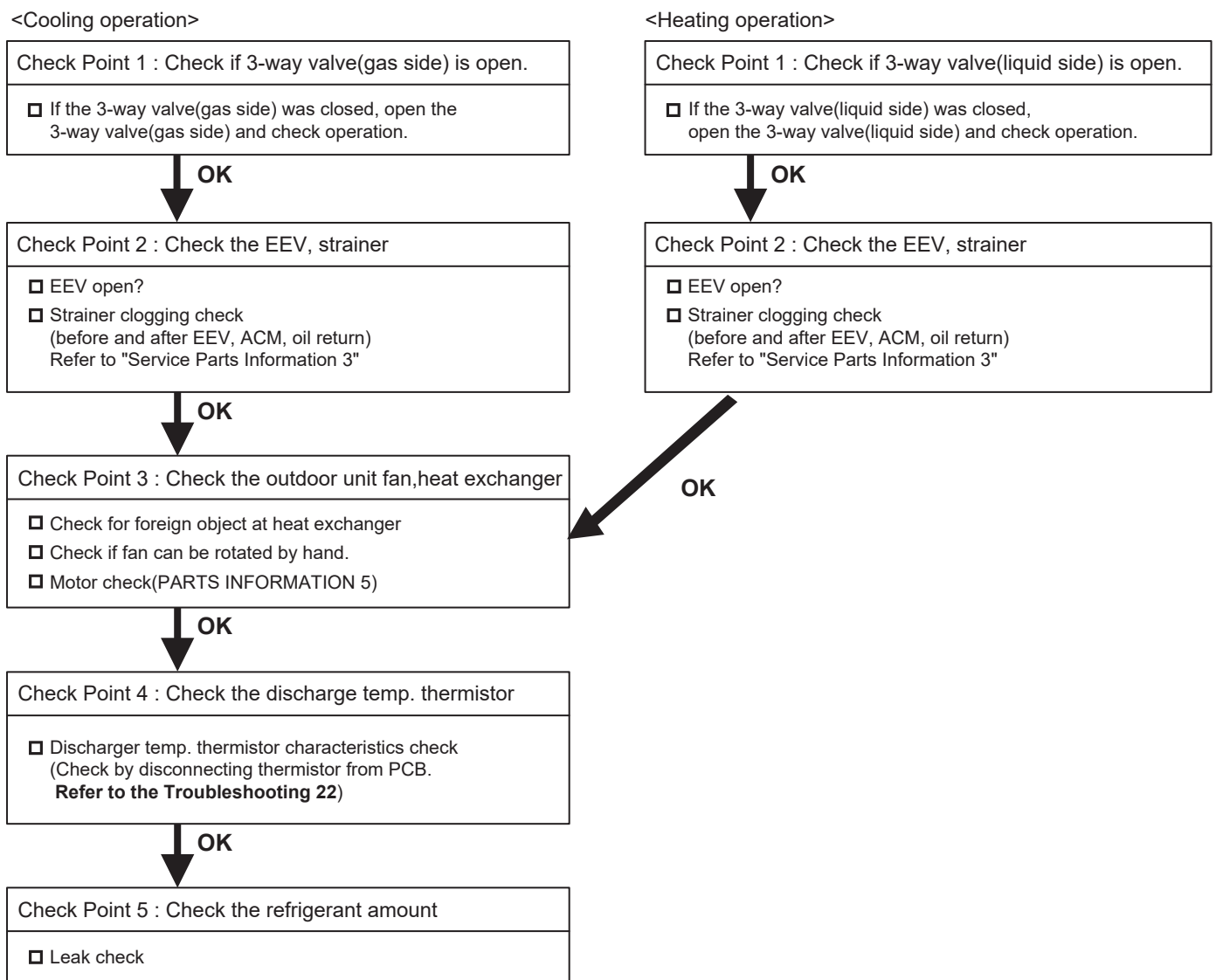


Check Point 4 : Replace Main PCB
► <u>If Check Point 1- 3 do not improve the symptom, replace Main PCB.</u>

Trouble shooting 33 <u>OUTDOOR UNIT Error Method:</u> Discharge Temp. Error	<u>Indicate or Display:</u> Error code : A1 Outdoor unit : No indication
--	---

<u>Detective Actuators:</u> Discharge temperature thermistor	<u>Detective details:</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> "Protection stop by "discharge temperature $\geq 110^{\circ}\text{C}$ during compressor operation"" generated 2 times within 24 hours.
--	---

<u>Forecast of Cause :</u>	1. 3-way valve not opened 2. EEV defective, strainer clogged 3. Outdoor unit operation failure, foreign matter on heat exchanger 4. Discharge temperature thermistor failure 5. Insufficient refrigerant
-----------------------------------	--



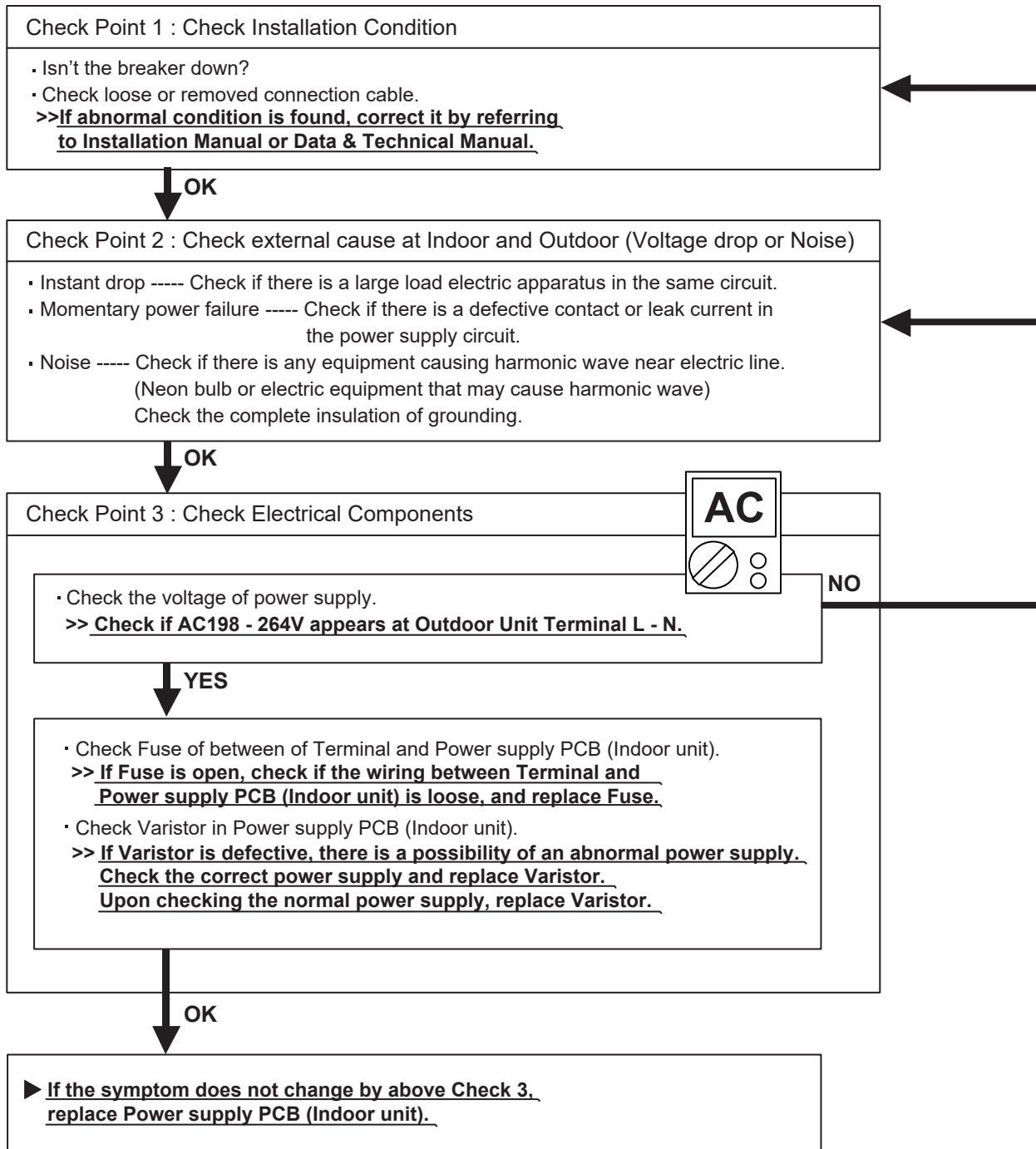
2-3 TROUBLESHOOTING WITH NO ERROR CODE

Trouble shooting 34

Indoor Unit - No Power

Forecast of Cause:

1. Power Supply failure
2. External cause
3. Electrical Components defective

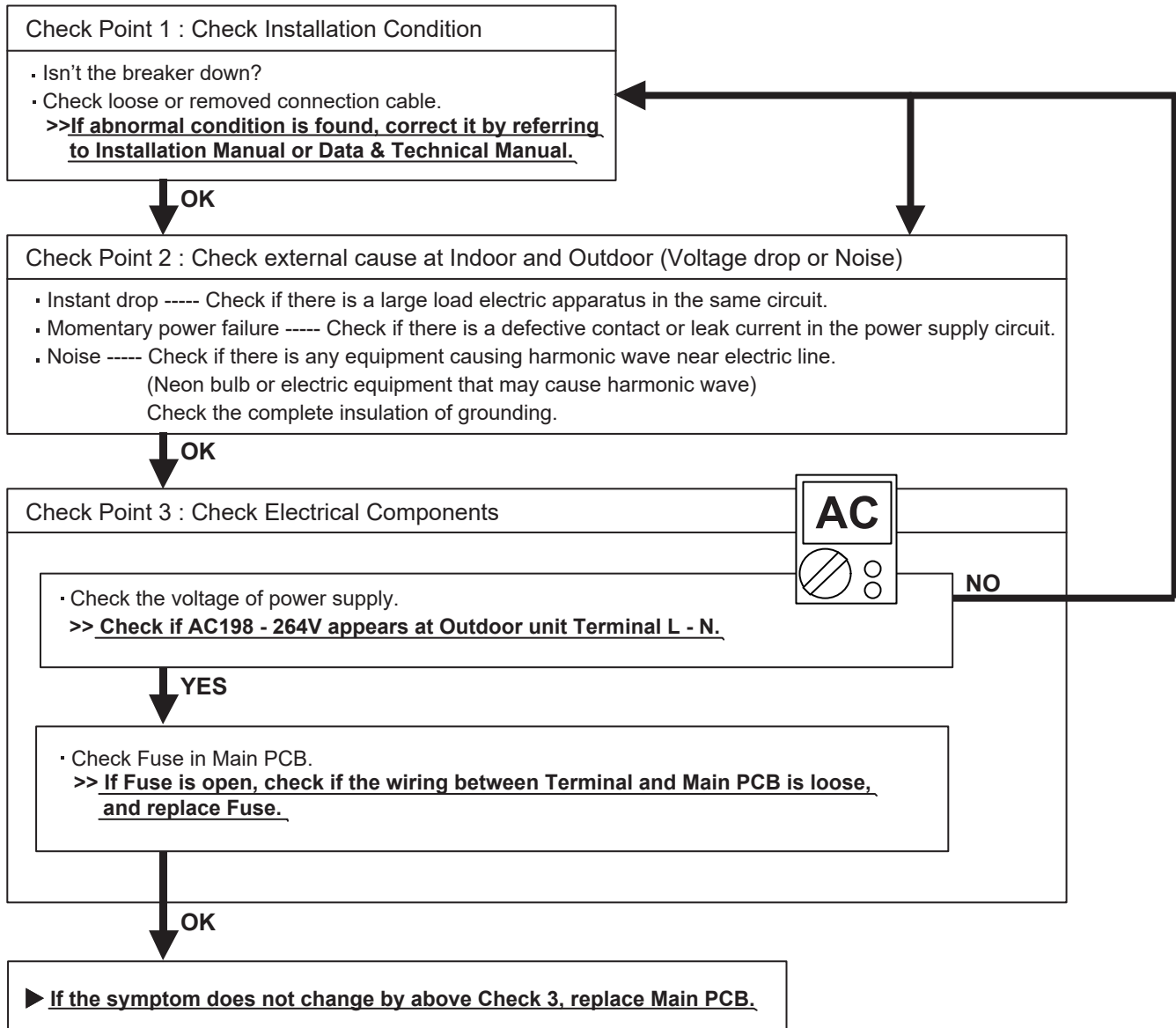


Trouble shooting 35

Outdoor unit - No Power

Forecast of Cause:

1. Power Supply failure
2. External cause
3. Electrical Components defective



Trouble shooting 36

No Operation (Power is ON)

Forecast of Cause:

1. Setting/ Connection failure
2. External cause
3. Electrical Component defective

Check Point 1 : Check indoor and outdoor installation condition

- Indoor Unit - Check incorrect wiring between Indoor Unit - Remote Control.
Or, check if there is an open cable connection.
 - Are these Indoor Unit, Outdoor Unit, and Remote Control suitable model numbers to connect?
- >> If there is some abnormal condition, correct it by referring to Installation manual and Data & Technical Manual.**

↓
OK

Turn off Power and check/ correct followings.

- Is there loose or removed communication line of Indoor Unit and Outdoor Unit?

↓
OK

Check Point 2 : Check external cause at Indoor and Outdoor (Voltage drop or Noise)

- Instant drop ----- Check if there is a large load electric apparatus in the same circuit.
- Momentary power failure ----- Check if there is a defective contact or leak current in the power supply circuit.
- Noise ----- Check if there is any equipment causing harmonic wave near electric line.
(Neon bulb or electric equipment that may cause harmonic wave)
Check the complete insulation of grounding.

↓
OK

Check Point 3 : Check Wired Remote Controller and Controller PCB

- Check Voltage at CN14 of Controller PCB. (Terminal 1-2, Terminal 1-3)
(Power supply to Remote Control)

>> If it is DC12V, Remote Control is failure. (Controller PCB is normal) >> Replace Remote Control
>> If it is DC 0V, Controller PCB is failure. (Check Remote Control once again) >> Replace Controller PCB
>> If the symptom does not change by above Check 1, 2, 3, replace Main PCB of Outdoor unit.



Trouble shooting 37

No Cooling / No Heating

Forecast of Cause:

1. Indoor Unit error
2. Outdoor Unit error
3. Effect by Surrounding environment
4. Connection Pipe / Connection Wire failure
5. Refrigeration cycle failure

Check Point 1 : Check Indoor Unit

- Does Indoor unit FAN run on HIGH FAN?
- Is Air Filter dirty?
- Is Heat Exchanger clogged?
- Check if Energy save function is operated.



Check Point 2 : Check Outdoor Unit Operation

- Check if Outdoor Unit is operating
- Check any objects that obstruct the air flow route.
- Check clogged Heat Exchanger.
- Is the Valve open?



Check Point 3 : Check Site Condition

- Is capacity of Indoor unit fitted to Room size?
- Any windows open? Or direct sunlight ?



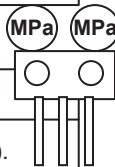
Check Point 4 : Check Indoor/ Outdoor Installation Condition

- Check connection pipe
(specified pipe length & Pipe diameter?)
- Check any loose or removed communication line.
- >> **If there is an abnormal condition, correct it by referring to Installation Manual or Data & Technical Manual.**



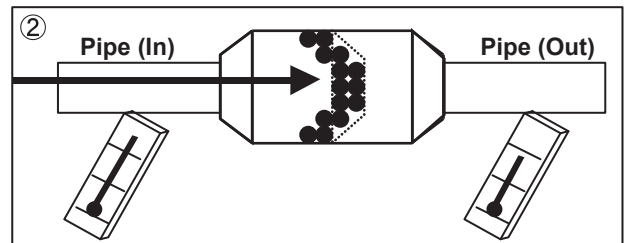
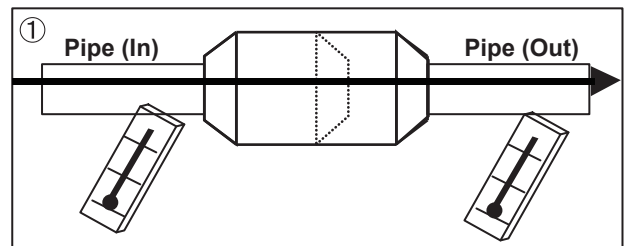
Check Point 5 : Check Refrigeration cycle

- Check if Strainer is clogged (Refer to the figure at right).
- Measure Gas Pressure and if there is a leakage, correct it.
- >> **When recharging the refrigerant, make sure to perform vacuuming, and recharge the specified amount.**
- Check EEV (PARTS INFORMATION 3)
- Check Compressor (PARTS INFORMATION 1,2)



Attention

Strainer normally does not have temperature difference between inlet and outlet as shown in ①, but if there is a difference like shown in ②, there is a possibility of inside clogged. In this case, replace Strainer.



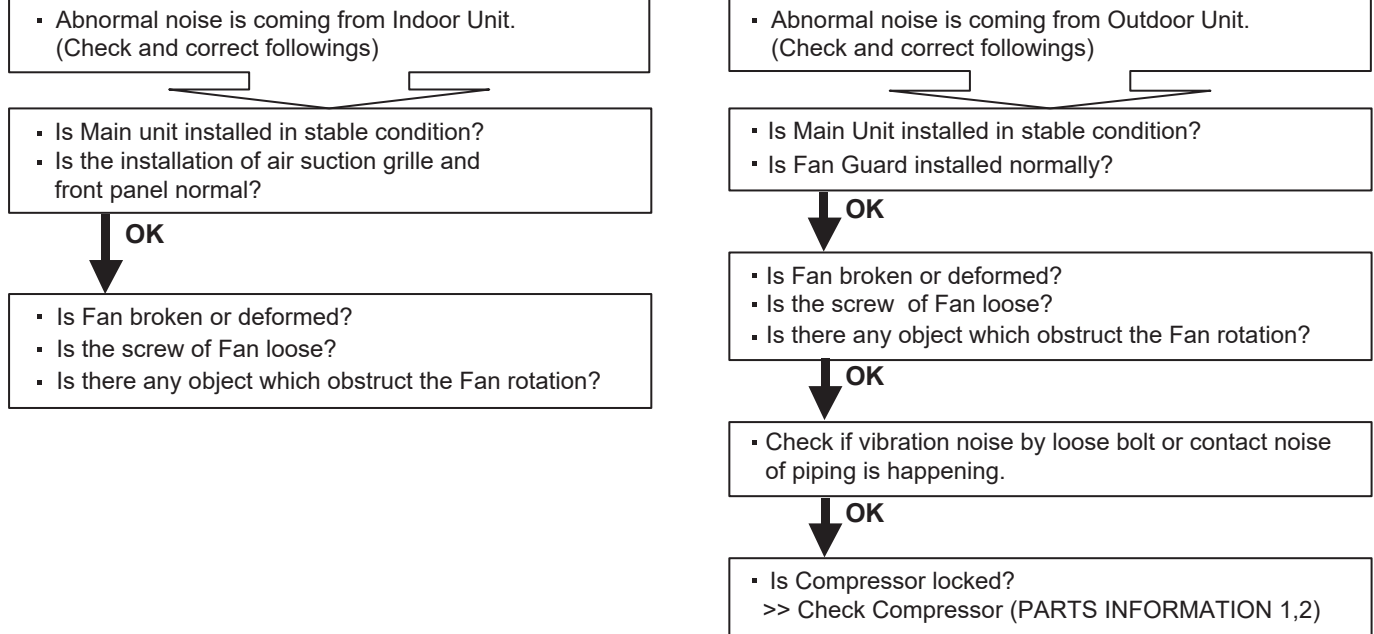
Trouble shooting 38

Abnormal Noise

Forecast of Cause :

1. Abnormal installation (Indoor/ Outdoor)
2. Fan failure (Indoor/ Outdoor)
3. Compressor failure (Outdoor)

Diagnosis method when Abnormal Noise is occurred



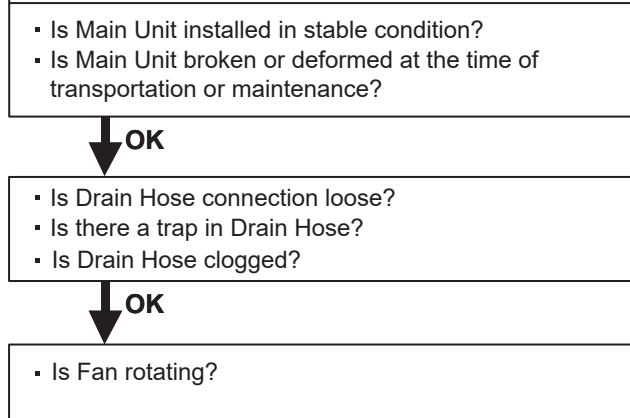
Trouble shooting 39

Water Leaking

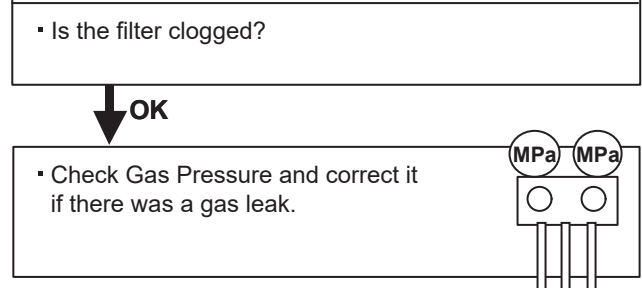
Forecast of Cause:

1. Erroneous installation
2. Drain hose failure

Diagnosis method when water leak occurs



Diagnosis method when water is spitting out.

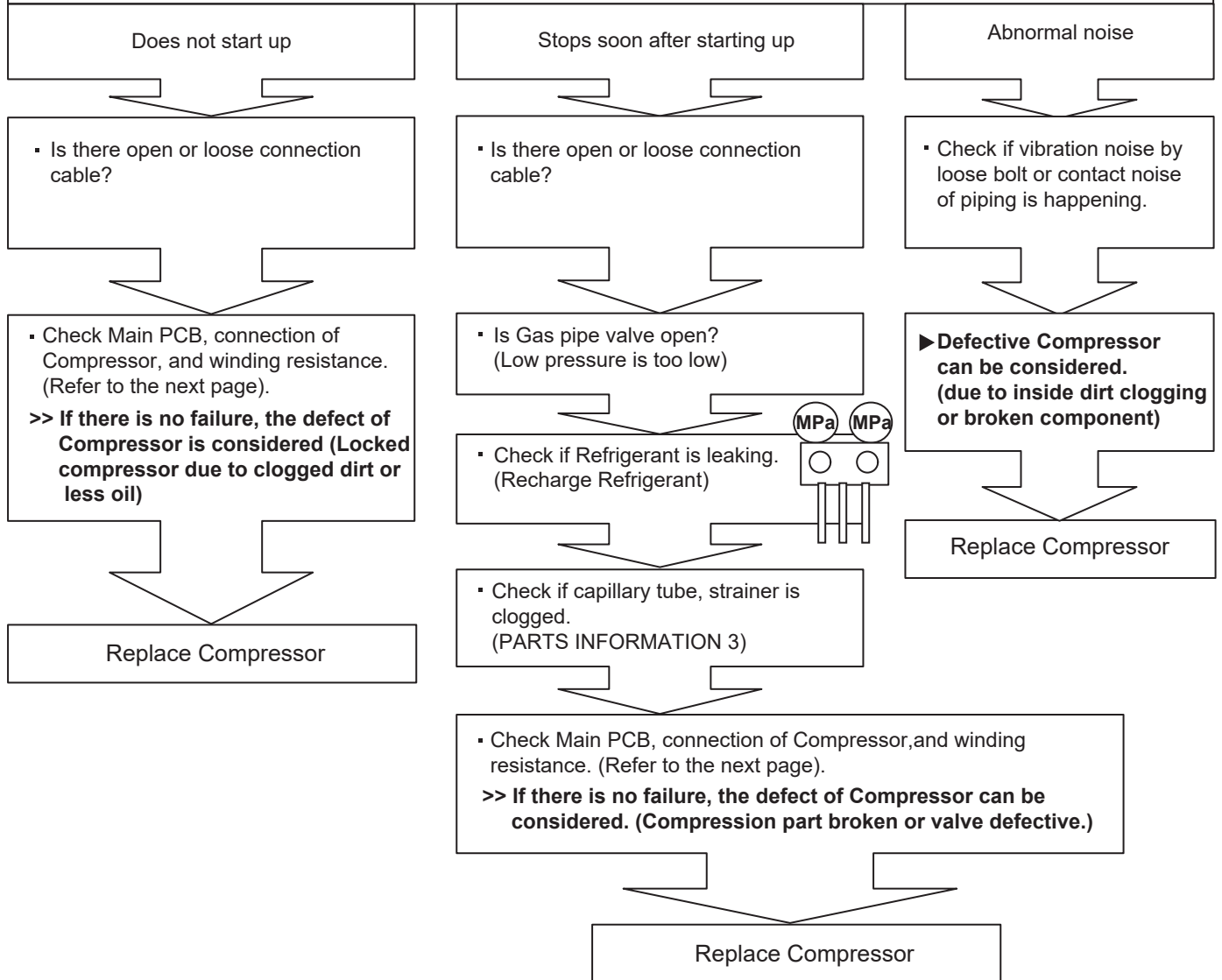


2-4 SERVICE PARTS INFORMATION

SERVICE PARTS INFORMATION 1

Compressor

Diagnosis method of Compressor (If Outdoor Unit LED displays Error, refer to Trouble shooting)

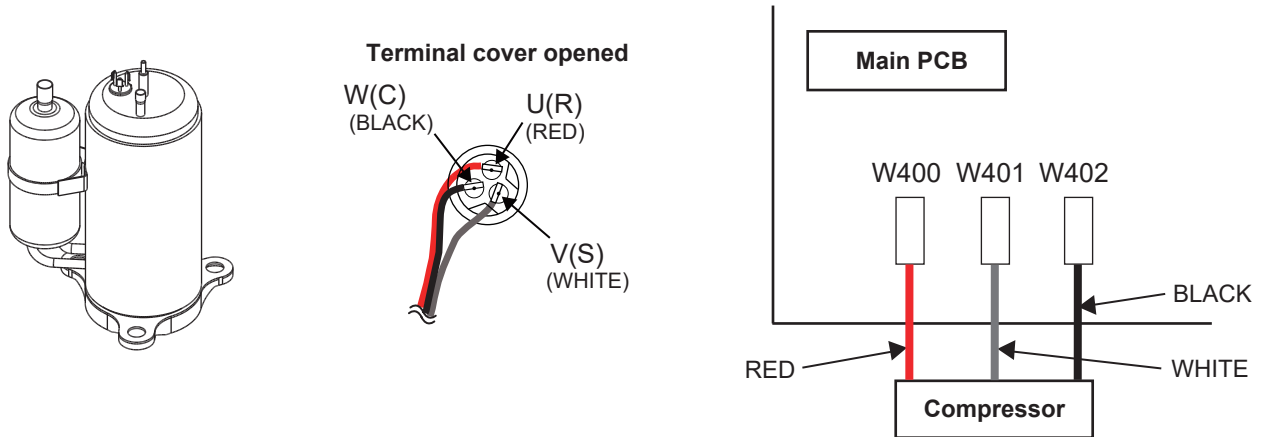


SERVICE PARTS INFORMATION 2

Inverter Compressor

Check Point 1 : Check Connection

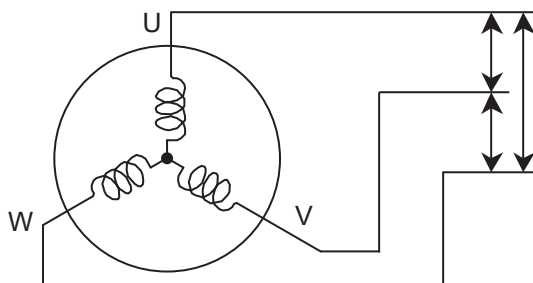
- Check terminal connection of Compressor (loose or incorrect wiring)



Check Point 2 : Check Winding Resistance

- Check winding resistance of each terminal

► **If the resistance value is 0Ω or infinite, replace Compressor.**



Resistance Value :

- 2.18Ω at 20°C (09/12 type)
- 1.97Ω at 25°C (14/18 type)
- 1.91Ω at 20°C (22 type)



Check Point 3 : Replace Main PCB

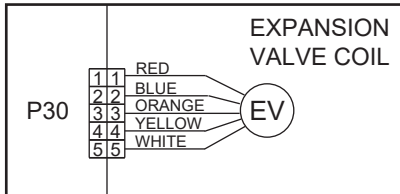
► **If the symptom does not change with above Check 1, 2, replace Main PCB.**

SERVICE PARTS INFORMATION 3

Outdoor unit Electronic Expansion Valve
(EEV)

Check Point 1 : Check Connections

- Check connection of connector
(Loose connector or open cable)



Check Point 2 : Check Coil of EEV

- Remove connector, check each winding resistance of Coil.

Read wire	Resistance value
White - Red	$46 \Omega \pm 4 \Omega$ at 20°C
Yellow - Red	
Orange - Red	
Blue - Red	



► **If Resistance value is abnormal, replace EEV.**

Check Point 3 : Check Noise at start up

- Turn on Power and check operation noise.
- **If an abnormal noise does not show, replace Main PCB.**

Check Point 4 : Check Voltage from Main PCB.

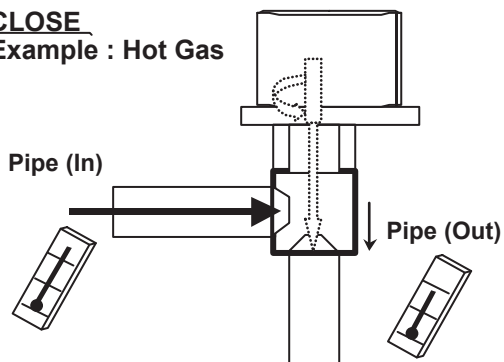
- Remove Connector and check Voltage (DC12V)
- **If it does not appear, replace Main PCB.**



Check Point 5 : Check Opening and Closing Operation of Valve

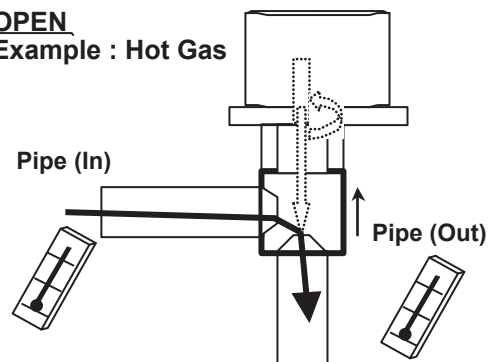
When Valve is closed,
it has a temp. difference between Inlet and Outlet.

CLOSE
Example : Hot Gas



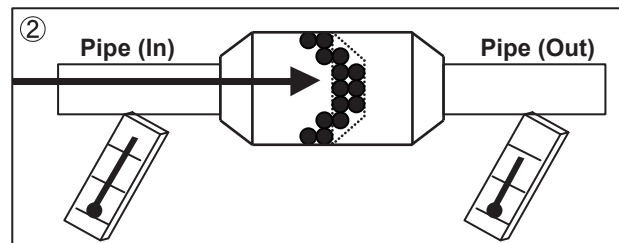
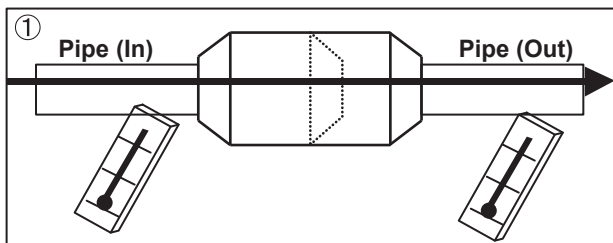
If it is open,
it has no temp. difference between Inlet and Outlet.

OPEN
Example : Hot Gas



Check Point 6 : Check Strainer

Strainer normally does not have temperature difference between inlet and outlet as shown in ① ,
but if there is a difference as shown in ② , there is a possibility of inside clogged. In this case, replace Strainer.



SERVICE PARTS INFORMATION 4

Indoor unit fan motor

Check Point 1 : Check rotation of Fan

- Rotate the fan by hand when operation is off.
(Check if fan is caught, dropped off or locked motor)
>>If Fan or Bearing is abnormal, replace it.

Check Point 2 : Check resistance of Indoor unit Fan Motor

- Refer to below. Circuit-test "Vm" and "GND" terminal.
(Vm: DC voltage, GND: Earth terminal)
>>If they are short-circuited (below 300 kΩ), replace Indoor unit fan motor and Controller PCB.

Pin number (wire color)	Terminal function (symbol)
1 (Red)	DC voltage(Vm)
2	No function
3	No function
4 (Black)	(GND)
5 (White)	Control voltage (Vcc)
6 (Yellow)	Speed command (Vsp)
7 (Brown)	Feed back (FG)



SERVICE PARTS INFORMATION 5

Outdoor unit fan motor

Check Point 1 : Check rotation of Fan

- Rotate the fan by hand when operation is off.
(Check if fan is caught, dropped off or locked motor)
>>If Fan or Bearing is abnormal, replace it.

Check Point 2 : Check resistance of Outdoor Fan Motor

- Refer to below. Circuit-test "Vm" and "GND" terminal.
(Vm: DC voltage, GND: Earth terminal)
>>If they are short-circuited (below 300 kΩ), replace Outdoor fan motor and Main PCB.

Pin number (wire color)	Terminal function (symbol)
1 (Red)	DC voltage (Vm)
2	No function
3	No function
4 (Black)	Earth terminal (GND)
5 (White)	Control voltage (Vcc)
6 (Yellow)	Speed command (Vsp)
7 (Brown)	Feed back (FG)



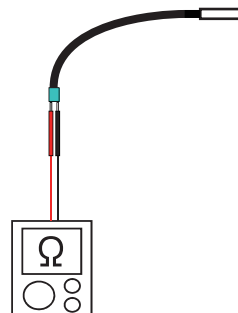
SERVICE PARTS INFORMATION 8

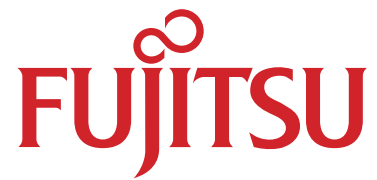
Thermistor

Check Point : Check Thermistor resistance value

❑ Remove connector and check Thermistor resistance value.

Temperature [°C]	Resistance Value [kΩ]		
	Thermistor A	Thermistor B	Thermistor C
-30	1013.1	95.6	224.3
-20	531.6	50.3	115.2
-10	292.9	27.8	62.3
0	168.6	16.1	35.2
10	100.9	9.6	20.7
20	62.5	6.0	12.6
30	40.0	3.8	8.0
40	26.3	2.5	5.2
50	17.8	1.7	3.5
60	12.3	1.2	2.4
70	8.7	0.8	---
80	6.3	0.6	---
90	4.6	---	---
100	3.4	---	---
110	2.6	---	---
120	2.0	---	---
Applicable Thermistors	Discharge temp. TH	Heat exchanger. TH	Outdoor temp. TH





FUJITSU GENERAL LIMITED

3-3-17, Suenaga, Takatsu-ku, Kawasaki 213-8502, Japan